

## HR 7875

Emergency Infant Formula Act

**Congress:** 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

**Chamber:** House

**Policy Area:** Foreign Trade and International Finance

**Introduced:** May 24, 2022

**Current Status:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Trade.

**Latest Action:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Trade. (May 24, 2022)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/7875>

### Sponsor

**Name:** Rep. Sherman, Brad [D-CA-30]

**Party:** Democratic • **State:** CA • **Chamber:** House

### Cosponsors (7 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Bacon, Don [R-NE-2]	R · NE		May 24, 2022
Rep. Cohen, Steve [D-TN-9]	D · TN		May 24, 2022
Rep. Demings, Val Butler [D-FL-10]	D · FL		May 24, 2022
Rep. Gottheimer, Josh [D-NJ-5]	D · NJ		May 24, 2022
Rep. Manning, Kathy E. [D-NC-6]	D · NC		May 24, 2022
Rep. Thompson, Mike [D-CA-5]	D · CA		May 24, 2022
Rep. Pappas, Chris [D-NH-1]	D · NH		May 27, 2022

### Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred To	May 24, 2022
Ways and Means Committee	House	Referred to	May 24, 2022

### Subjects & Policy Tags

#### Policy Area:

Foreign Trade and International Finance

### Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 S 4350	Related bill	Jun 6, 2022: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

## **Emergency Infant Formula Act**

This bill addresses the shortage of infant formula in the United States, including by authorizing the President to take certain actions to expedite the importation of such formula.

Specifically, the bill authorizes the President to declare through an executive order that a shortage of infant formula exists in the United States.

Additionally, the President may authorize the importation, distribution, and sale of any covered infant formula if the applicable brand, manufacturer, manufacturing plant, or the specific infant formula product is included in the executive order. *Covered infant formula* generally refers to any infant formula that is lawfully marketed in the European Union, Canada, Japan, the United Kingdom, or any country the President determines has sufficient health and safety standards with respect to infant formula.

The bill exempts imported infant formula from U.S. labeling requirements. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) must require retailers of imported infant formula to place a label on the product indicating it has not been approved by the FDA.

The bill also authorizes the President to reduce or suspend any duties on the importation of covered infant formula or articles used in the production of infant formula.

U.S. Customs and Border Protection must give the highest priority and take steps as necessary to expedite the processing of all entries of covered infant formula and articles used in the production of infant formula.

## **Actions Timeline**

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- **May 24, 2022:** Introduced in House
- **May 24, 2022:** Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.
- **May 24, 2022:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Trade.