

HR 7269

NOT in Our Schools Act of 2022

Congress: 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Education

Introduced: Mar 29, 2022

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Education and Labor

Latest Action: Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (Mar 29, 2022)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/7269>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Green, Mark E. [R-TN-7]

Party: Republican • **State:** TN • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (4 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Babin, Brian [R-TX-36]	R · TX		Mar 29, 2022
Rep. Harris, Andy [R-MD-1]	R · MD		Mar 29, 2022
Rep. Harshbarger, Diana [R-TN-1]	R · TN		Mar 29, 2022
Rep. Good, Bob [R-VA-5]	R · VA		Apr 14, 2022

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Education and Workforce Committee	House	Referred To	Mar 29, 2022
Ways and Means Committee	House	Referred To	Mar 29, 2022

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Education

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 HR 605	Related bill	Jan 28, 2021: Referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means.
117 S 44	Related bill	Jan 26, 2021: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance.

No Obscene Teaching in Our Schools Act of 2022 or the NOT in Our Schools Act of 2022

This bill prohibits an elementary or secondary school from receiving federal funds if the school is in violation of any law of the state in which the school is located that is related to materials that are harmful to minors.

Further, the bill requires a state educational agency to either (1) return the federal funds that were dedicated to the school in violation of such state law; or (2) create and carry out, at the request of parents or legal guardians of eligible children, a 529 education savings plan account program (also known as a qualified tuition program).

The bill allows tax-exempt distributions from these 529 plans to be used for additional educational expenses (e.g., curriculum, books, and testing fees) in connection with enrollment or attendance at an elementary or secondary school. Distributions may also be used for tuition and additional expenses in connection with a homeschool (whether treated as a homeschool or a private school under state law).

Actions Timeline

- **Mar 29, 2022:** Introduced in House
- **Mar 29, 2022:** Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.