

HR 7072

NDO Fairness Act

Congress: 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: Mar 15, 2022

Current Status: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Latest Action: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (Jun 22, 2022)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/7072>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Nadler, Jerrold [D-NY-10]

Party: Democratic • **State:** NY • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (7 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Fitzgerald, Scott [R-WI-5]	R · WI		Mar 15, 2022
Rep. Buck, Ken [R-CO-4]	R · CO		Mar 18, 2022
Rep. Ross, Deborah K. [D-NC-2]	D · NC		Mar 18, 2022
Rep. Cicilline, David N. [D-RI-1]	D · RI		Mar 29, 2022
Rep. Tiffany, Thomas P. [R-WI-7]	R · WI		Mar 29, 2022
Rep. McClintock, Tom [R-CA-4]	R · CA		Apr 6, 2022
Rep. Stanton, Greg [D-AZ-9]	D · AZ		Apr 6, 2022

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Reported By	Jun 13, 2022
Judiciary Committee	Senate	Referred To	Jun 22, 2022

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 S 4373	Related bill	Jun 9, 2022: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

NDO Fairness Act

This bill makes various changes to the procedures and requirements with respect to delayed notification orders.

Current law authorizes the government to compel providers of electronic communication services or remote computing services to disclose certain records and information pertaining to subscribers and customers. Further, a provider may notify subscribers or customers of the government's request for records and information unless the government obtains a delayed notification order.

With respect to delayed notification orders, the bill

- raises the standard for courts to grant a delayed notification order,
- requires courts to issue delayed notification orders only after issuing a written determination based on specific facts,
- requires orders to be narrowly tailored, and
- shortens the duration of delayed notification orders.

Finally, the bill requires the Department of Justice to report annually on data related to delayed notification orders, including the number of customers targeted; the number of applications for orders; the number of orders granted, extended, or denied; and the number of orders targeting members of the media or conduct related to certain protected activities.

Actions Timeline

- **Jun 22, 2022:** Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
- **Jun 21, 2022:** Mr. Cicilline moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.
- **Jun 21, 2022:** Considered under suspension of the rules. (consideration: CR H5698-5700)
- **Jun 21, 2022:** DEBATE - The House proceeded with forty minutes of debate on H.R. 7072.
- **Jun 21, 2022:** Passed/agreed to in House: On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended Agreed to by voice vote.
- **Jun 21, 2022:** On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended Agreed to by voice vote. (text: CR H5698-5699)
- **Jun 21, 2022:** Motion to reconsider laid on the table Agreed to without objection.
- **Jun 13, 2022:** Reported (Amended) by the Committee on Judiciary. H. Rept. 117-361.
- **Jun 13, 2022:** Placed on the Union Calendar, Calendar No. 273.
- **Apr 6, 2022:** Committee Consideration and Mark-up Session Held.
- **Apr 6, 2022:** Ordered to be Reported (Amended) by Voice Vote.
- **Mar 15, 2022:** Introduced in House
- **Mar 15, 2022:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.