

## HR 4253

To require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to promulgate a national primary drinking water regulation for chromium-6, and for other purposes.

**Congress:** 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

**Chamber:** House

**Policy Area:** Environmental Protection

**Introduced:** Jun 30, 2021

**Current Status:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change.

**Latest Action:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change. (Jul 1, 2021)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/4253>

### Sponsor

**Name:** Rep. Green, Al [D-TX-9]

**Party:** Democratic • **State:** TX • **Chamber:** House

### Cosponsors

*No cosponsors are listed for this bill.*

### Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	Jul 1, 2021

### Subjects & Policy Tags

**Policy Area:**

Environmental Protection

### Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 HR 3684	Related bill	<b>Aug 4, 2022:</b> Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs. Hearings held.

### Summary (as of Jun 30, 2021)

This bill requires the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to limit chromium-6 in drinking water. Specifically, the bill directs the EPA to publish a maximum contaminant level goal and promulgate a national primary drinking water regulation for chromium-6, which must include a filtration requirement. Adverse health effects associated with exposure to chromium-6 include some types of cancer. Chromium-6 occurs naturally and it is also produced by industrial processes. It is used in coating to protect metals from corrosion, stainless steel production, wood preservation, and textile dyeing.

### Actions Timeline

- **Jul 1, 2021:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change.
- **Jun 30, 2021:** Introduced in House
- **Jun 30, 2021:** Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce