

## S 3800

### Centers for Public Health Preparedness and Response Reauthorization Act

**Congress:** 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

**Chamber:** Senate

**Policy Area:** Health

**Introduced:** Mar 10, 2022

**Current Status:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

**Latest Action:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. (Mar 10, 2022)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/senate-bill/3800>

### Sponsor

**Name:** Sen. Marshall, Roger [R-KS]

**Party:** Republican • **State:** KS • **Chamber:** Senate

### Cosponsors (6 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Cardin, Benjamin L. [D-MD]	D · MD		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Cassidy, Bill [R-LA]	R · LA		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Gillibrand, Kirsten E. [D-NY]	D · NY		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Lujan, Ben Ray [D-NM]	D · NM		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Scott, Tim [R-SC]	R · SC		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Sinema, Kyrsten [D-AZ]	D · AZ		May 5, 2022

### Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee	Senate	Referred To	Mar 10, 2022

### Subjects & Policy Tags

#### Policy Area:

Health

### Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 S 3799	Related bill	<b>Mar 15, 2022:</b> Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. Ordered to be reported with an amendment in the nature of a substitute favorably.

## **Centers for Public Health Preparedness and Response Reauthorization Act**

This bill revises eligibility criteria and other aspects of a program administered by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention that supports a network of centers for public health preparedness.

Specifically, the bill makes nonprofits and institutions of higher education other than schools of public health eligible to participate in the program, whereas current participation is generally limited to accredited schools of public health. Further, the bill shifts the program's focus from curricula development and training public health practitioners to other areas, such as (1) researching and disseminating evidence-based practices to inform preparedness and response activities, and (2) providing technical assistance and expertise to health departments during public health emergencies.

The bill also repeals a demonstration program for improving the detection of pathogens likely to be used in bioterrorism attacks.

### **Actions Timeline**

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- **Mar 10, 2022:** Introduced in Senate
- **Mar 10, 2022:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.