

S 3790

Ultrasound Informed Consent Act

Congress: 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Health

Introduced: Mar 10, 2022

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. (Mar 10, 2022)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/senate-bill/3790>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Marshall, Roger [R-KS]

Party: Republican • **State:** KS • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (11 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Blackburn, Marsha [R-TN]	R · TN		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Braun, Mike [R-IN]	R · IN		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Cassidy, Bill [R-LA]	R · LA		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Cruz, Ted [R-TX]	R · TX		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Daines, Steve [R-MT]	R · MT		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Hyde-Smith, Cindy [R-MS]	R · MS		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Inhofe, James M. [R-OK]	R · OK		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Lankford, James [R-OK]	R · OK		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Lummis, Cynthia M. [R-WY]	R · WY		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Rounds, Mike [R-SD]	R · SD		Mar 10, 2022
Sen. Scott, Rick [R-FL]	R · FL		Mar 10, 2022

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee	Senate	Referred To	Mar 10, 2022

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Health

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 HR 648	Related bill	Feb 2, 2021: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.

Ultrasound Informed Consent Act

This bill requires abortion providers, as a condition of receiving federal funding, to conduct an ultrasound before performing an abortion.

Specifically, before a woman gives informed consent to any part of an abortion, the abortion provider must

- perform an obstetric ultrasound on the pregnant woman;
- display the ultrasound images and make audible (when present) the heartbeat and related cardiac sounds for the woman to view and hear while simultaneously explaining the ultrasound depiction and the cardiac sounds;
- provide a complete medical description of the images, including the dimensions of the embryo or fetus, cardiac activity if present and visible, and the presence of external members and internal organs if present and viewable; and
- provide the woman with a copy of the ultrasound image.

Providers are subject to civil actions and penalties for violations.

The bill's ultrasound requirements do not apply in cases where a physical disorder, illness, or injury caused by the pregnancy endangers a woman's life. A woman is also not required to view the ultrasound images; nor may she or the provider be penalized if she declines to do so.

Actions Timeline

- **Mar 10, 2022:** Introduced in Senate
- **Mar 10, 2022:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.