

HR 3699

Toxic Free Food Act of 2021

Congress: 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Agriculture and Food

Introduced: Jun 4, 2021

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health. (Jun 7, 2021)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/3699>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. DeLauro, Rosa L. [D-CT-3]

Party: Democratic • **State:** CT • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (9 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Del. Norton, Eleanor Holmes [D-DC-At Large]	D · DC		Jun 14, 2021
Rep. Bush, Cori [D-MO-1]	D · MO		Jun 14, 2021
Rep. Cárdenas, Tony [D-CA-29]	D · CA		Jun 14, 2021
Rep. Nadler, Jerrold [D-NY-10]	D · NY		Jun 14, 2021
Rep. Thompson, Bennie G. [D-MS-2]	D · MS		Jun 15, 2021
Rep. Suozzi, Thomas R. [D-NY-3]	D · NY		Jun 22, 2021
Rep. Carson, Andre [D-IN-7]	D · IN		Jun 29, 2021
Rep. Pingree, Chellie [D-ME-1]	D · ME		Sep 3, 2021
Rep. Schakowsky, Janice D. [D-IL-9]	D · IL		Oct 25, 2021

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	Jun 7, 2021

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Agriculture and Food

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Toxic Free Food Act of 2021

This bill requires the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to revise its regulations relating to food additives that may be considered generally recognized as safe (GRAS). (A substance deemed GRAS is not subject to the premarket review requirements for food additives. A manufacturer may notify the FDA that it has determined that a substance is GRAS.)

The revised regulations must prohibit a manufacturer from marketing a substance as GRAS (or manufacturing or selling a food containing that substance) unless the manufacturer has notified the FDA that it has determined that the substance is GRAS and submitted certain information supporting this position, including information about the substance's cumulative effects.

The FDA must maintain a public website with each GRAS submission and supporting information. There must be a period of at least 90 days for the FDA and the public to review and object to such submissions.

Furthermore, under the revised regulations, newly synthesized or novel chemicals and carcinogenic substances may not be deemed GRAS.

The FDA may not rely on experts with conflicts of interest when making a GRAS determination. The FDA must also (1) incorporate in its rules certain best practices for convening a GRAS panel, (2) create a process to systematically reassess any substances previously determined to be GRAS, and (3) reestablish the Food Advisory Committee to assist with establishing standards and procedures for reassessing substances.

Actions Timeline

- **Jun 7, 2021:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.
- **Jun 4, 2021:** Introduced in House
- **Jun 4, 2021:** Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce.