

S 347

Data to Save Moms Act

Congress: 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Health

Introduced: Feb 22, 2021

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. (Feb 22, 2021)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/senate-bill/347>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Smith, Tina [D-MN]

Party: Democratic • **State:** MN • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (6 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Blumenthal, Richard [D-CT]	D · CT		Feb 22, 2021
Sen. Klobuchar, Amy [D-MN]	D · MN		Feb 22, 2021
Sen. Markey, Edward J. [D-MA]	D · MA		Feb 22, 2021
Sen. Rosen, Jacky [D-NV]	D · NV		Feb 24, 2021
Sen. Shaheen, Jeanne [D-NH]	D · NH		Feb 24, 2021
Sen. Ossoff, Jon [D-GA]	D · GA		Sep 14, 2021

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee	Senate	Referred To	Feb 22, 2021

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Health

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 HR 8862	Related document	Nov 1, 2022: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, and Homeland Security.
117 HR 7585	Related bill	Jun 29, 2022: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.
117 S 4486	Related bill	Jun 23, 2022: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance.
117 HR 925	Related bill	Jul 15, 2021: Forwarded by Subcommittee to Full Committee (Amended) by Voice Vote .
117 HR 959	Related bill	Apr 23, 2021: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, and Homeland Security.
117 S 346	Related bill	Feb 22, 2021: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Data to Save Moms Act

This bill expands data collection and research on maternal morbidity and mortality among minority populations.

Specifically, the bill adds requirements to a program within the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) that supports maternal mortality review committees. To the extent practicable, the committees must

- use the most up-to-date indicators of severe maternal morbidity;
- review deaths caused by suicide, overdose, or other behavioral health conditions attributed to or aggravated by pregnancy or childbirth; and
- consult with representatives of communities about nonclinical factors that may contribute to adverse maternal outcomes.

The CDC may also award grants to committees to increase their engagement with local communities, such as by bringing on community representatives as committee members.

Additionally, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services and the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality must consult with diverse stakeholders to review maternal health data collection processes and quality measures and make recommendations to improve them.

The Indian Health Service and the Department of Health and Human Services must also arrange for studies on adverse maternal health outcomes among tribal and minority populations, respectively.

Actions Timeline

- **Feb 22, 2021:** Introduced in Senate
- **Feb 22, 2021:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.