

S 1389

Back to Work Bonus Act

Congress: 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Labor and Employment

Introduced: Apr 27, 2021

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance. (Apr 27, 2021)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/senate-bill/1389>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Crapo, Mike [R-ID]

Party: Republican • **State:** ID • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (4 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Risch, James E. [R-ID]	R · ID		Apr 27, 2021
Sen. Tuberville, Tommy [R-AL]	R · AL		Apr 27, 2021
Sen. Daines, Steve [R-MT]	R · MT		May 10, 2021
Sen. Moran, Jerry [R-KS]	R · KS		May 11, 2021

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Finance Committee	Senate	Referred To	Apr 27, 2021

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Labor and Employment

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 HR 3154	Related bill	May 12, 2021: Referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means.
117 HR 2188	Related bill	Mar 26, 2021: Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Rules, and the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

Back to Work Bonus Act

This bill permits states to provide a one-time lump sum payment, through July 1, 2021, to individuals who (1) were eligible for COVID-19 pandemic unemployment compensation during any week after enactment of this bill, and (2) are no longer eligible as a result of becoming thereafter reemployed. Payments of \$1,200 shall be paid to individuals who work at least 30 hours and \$600 to individuals who work at least 20 hours but less than 30.

The payments are available for claimants (1) who are not employed by a government entity, (2) who return to work for at least four consecutive weeks, and (3) whose annual salary does not exceed \$75,000. Before receipt of a payment, the individuals' employers must verify their hours and earnings.

Additionally, the bill (1) accelerates a scheduled increase in funding for reemployment services and eligibility assessments (RESEA), (2) allows states to use RESEA funds to serve all workers receiving unemployment benefits, and not just those most likely to exhaust their benefits; and (3) allows states to provide reemployment services to individuals receiving pandemic unemployment assistance and pandemic emergency unemployment compensation.

Finally, the bill reinstates the requirement that unemployment claimants certify they are able, available, and actively seeking work.

Actions Timeline

- **Apr 27, 2021:** Introduced in Senate
- **Apr 27, 2021:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance.