

HR 1094

Safe Career Transitions for Intelligence and National Security Professionals

Congress: 117 (2021–2023, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Armed Forces and National Security

Introduced: Feb 18, 2021

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and in addition to the Committee on Intelligence

Latest Action: Referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and in addition to the Committee on Intelligence (Permanent Select), for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (Feb 18, 2021)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/117th-congress/house-bill/1094>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Banks, Jim [R-IN-3]

Party: Republican • **State:** IN • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Intelligence (Permanent Select) Committee	House	Referred To	Feb 18, 2021
Oversight and Government Reform Committee	House	Referred To	Feb 18, 2021

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Armed Forces and National Security

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
117 HR 4792	Related bill	Sep 3, 2021: Referred to the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources.

Safe Career Transitions for Intelligence and National Security Professionals

This bill prohibits certain individuals with security clearances from receiving funding or employment from specified entities. Specifically, the prohibition is in effect while a security clearance is active and for five years afterwards, and applies to any (1) officer or employee of a federal agency or contractor, or (2) member of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps.

The prohibition shall apply to specified entities such as Huawei Technologies Company and Kaspersky Lab. The Office of the Director of National Intelligence may add to or remove from this list based on whether there is a reasonable belief that an entity is owned by or receives financial support from the government of China, Russia, Iran, or North Korea.

A person who knowingly violates this prohibition shall be subject to fines or imprisonment, or both.

Actions Timeline

- **Feb 18, 2021:** Introduced in House
- **Feb 18, 2021:** Referred to the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and in addition to the Committee on Intelligence (Permanent Select), for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.