

HR 704

Fair Trade with China Enforcement Act

Congress: 116 (2019–2021, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Foreign Trade and International Finance

Introduced: Jan 22, 2019

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Courts, Intellectual Property, and the Internet.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Courts, Intellectual Property, and the Internet. (Mar 4, 2019)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/116th-congress/house-bill/704>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Conaway, K. Michael [R-TX-11]

Party: Republican • **State:** TX • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (5 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Ryan, Tim [D-OH-13]	D · OH		Jan 22, 2019
Rep. Crawford, Eric A. "Rick" [R-AR-1]	R · AR		Feb 8, 2019
Rep. Marshall, Roger [R-KS-1]	R · KS		May 12, 2020
Rep. Hagedorn, Jim [R-MN-1]	R · MN		May 22, 2020
Rep. Tipton, Scott R. [R-CO-3]	R · CO		Jun 4, 2020

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Financial Services Committee	House	Referred To	Jan 22, 2019
Foreign Affairs Committee	House	Referred To	Jan 22, 2019
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred to	Mar 4, 2019
Oversight and Government Reform Committee	House	Referred To	Jan 22, 2019
Ways and Means Committee	House	Referred to	Mar 1, 2019

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Foreign Trade and International Finance

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
116 HR 702	Related bill	Mar 4, 2019: Referred to the Subcommittee on Courts, Intellectual Property, and the Internet.
116 S 2	Related bill	Feb 27, 2019: Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 116-22.

Fair Trade with China Enforcement Act

This bill revises trade, finance, and tax provisions with respect to China.

The bill directs the Department of Commerce to prohibit the export of certain U.S. technology and intellectual property to China.

The bill places a shareholder cap on Chinese investments in certain U.S. corporations.

Federal agencies are prohibited from using or procuring telecommunications equipment or services from Huawei Technologies Company, ZTE Corporation, or any other entity reasonably believed to be owned or controlled by China.

The bill requires the U.S. Trade Representative to list certain Chinese products that receive support pursuant to China's Made in China 2025 policy. The bill expedites the countervailing duty process (i.e., the imposition of duties to offset a subsidy by a foreign government) for products on such a list.

The bill amends the Internal Revenue Code to

- repeal certain reduced withholding rates for residents of China,
- tax income received by China from certain U.S. investments, and
- tax income derived from certain Chinese investments.

The bill also allows U.S. courts to hear cases against certain entities or corporate affiliates of a foreign state.

Actions Timeline

- **Mar 4, 2019:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Courts, Intellectual Property, and the Internet.
- **Mar 1, 2019:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Trade.
- **Jan 22, 2019:** Introduced in House
- **Jan 22, 2019:** Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, the Judiciary, Foreign Affairs, and Oversight and Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.