

HR 6799

Keeping the Lights On Act of 2020

Congress: 116 (2019–2021, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Taxation

Introduced: May 12, 2020

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Small Business, for

Latest Action: Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Small Business, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (May 12, 2020)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/116th-congress/house-bill/6799>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Thompson, Mike [D-CA-5]

Party: Democratic • **State:** CA • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (7 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Horsford, Steven [D-NV-4]	D · NV		May 12, 2020
Rep. Kelly, Mike [R-PA-16]	R · PA		May 12, 2020
Rep. Kind, Ron [D-WI-3]	D · WI		May 12, 2020
Rep. Panetta, Jimmy [D-CA-20]	D · CA		May 12, 2020
Rep. Harder, Josh [D-CA-10]	D · CA		May 15, 2020
Rep. Schneider, Bradley Scott [D-IL-10]	D · IL		Jul 13, 2020
Rep. Huffman, Jared [D-CA-2]	D · CA		Jul 29, 2020

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Small Business Committee	House	Referred To	May 12, 2020
Ways and Means Committee	House	Referred To	May 12, 2020

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Taxation

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
116 HR 6800	Related bill	Jul 23, 2020: Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 116-517.

Keeping the Lights On Act of 2020

This bill allows an eligible employer a payroll tax credit equal to 50% of a limited amount of qualified fixed expenses paid by such employer in a calendar quarter. *Qualified fixed expenses* include a mortgage, rent, or a utility payment.

An employer is eligible for such payroll credit if the employer was carrying on a trade or business in 2020 which had not more than 1,500 full-time employees or not more than \$41.5 million in gross receipts in 2019. The employer's business must have been suspended in a calendar quarter due to COVID-19 (i.e., coronavirus disease 2019) and have experienced a significant decline in gross receipts due to that pandemic..

The credit may not be claimed by the federal government or by any state or tribal government, or by U.S. possessions, but may be claimed by tax-exempt organizations.

Actions Timeline

No actions are recorded for this bill.