

HR 5656

Working Families Flexibility Act of 2020

Congress: 116 (2019–2021, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Labor and Employment

Introduced: Jan 17, 2020

Current Status: Referred to the House Committee on Education and Labor.

Latest Action: Referred to the House Committee on Education and Labor. (Jan 17, 2020)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/116th-congress/house-bill/5656>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Roby, Martha [R-AL-2]

Party: Republican • **State:** AL • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (16 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Allen, Rick W. [R-GA-12]	R · GA		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Brooks, Mo [R-AL-5]	R · AL		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Byrne, Bradley [R-AL-1]	R · AL		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Foxx, Virginia [R-NC-5]	R · NC		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Grothman, Glenn [R-WI-6]	R · WI		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Guthrie, Brett [R-KY-2]	R · KY		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Johnson, Dusty [R-SD-At Large]	R · SD		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. McMorris Rodgers, Cathy [R-WA-5]	R · WA		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Roe, David P. [R-TN-1]	R · TN		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Smith, Adrian [R-NE-3]	R · NE		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Stefanik, Elise M. [R-NY-21]	R · NY		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Taylor, Van [R-TX-3]	R · TX		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Thompson, Glenn [R-PA-15]	R · PA		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Walker, Mark [R-NC-6]	R · NC		Jan 17, 2020
Rep. Wright, Ron [R-TX-6]	R · TX		Jan 24, 2020
Rep. Budd, Ted [R-NC-13]	R · NC		Sep 22, 2020

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Education and Workforce Committee	House	Referred To	Jan 17, 2020

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Labor and Employment

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
116 S 1043	Related bill	Apr 4, 2019: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Summary (as of Jan 17, 2020)

Working Families Flexibility Act of 2020

This bill revises requirements for the receipt of compensatory time off for private sector employees.

Specifically, the bill authorizes private employers to provide compensatory time off to their employees at a rate of one and one-half hours for each hour of employment for which overtime compensation otherwise is required; employees may accrue a maximum of 160 hours of compensatory time.

Employers are prohibited from interfering with an employee's right to or not request compensatory time off in lieu of payment of overtime compensation or from requiring an employee to use such compensatory time, and must give their employees 30-days notice before discontinuing a compensatory time policy.

Employers are liable to employees for damages from violations of these requirements.

Actions Timeline

- **Jan 17, 2020:** Introduced in House
- **Jan 17, 2020:** Referred to the House Committee on Education and Labor.