

## HR 3677

### National Opportunity for Lead Exposure Accountability and Deterrence Act of 2017

**Congress:** 116 (2019–2021, Ended)

**Chamber:** House

**Policy Area:** Environmental Protection

**Introduced:** Jul 10, 2019

**Current Status:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change.

**Latest Action:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change. (Jul 11, 2019)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/116th-congress/house-bill/3677>

## Sponsor

**Name:** Rep. Kildee, Daniel T. [D-MI-5]

**Party:** Democratic • **State:** MI • **Chamber:** House

## Cosponsors (1 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Payne, Donald M., Jr. [D-NJ-10]	D · NJ		Sep 23, 2020

## Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	Jul 11, 2019

## Subjects & Policy Tags

### Policy Area:

Environmental Protection

## Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
116 S 2086	Related bill	Jul 11, 2019: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

## **National Opportunity for Lead Exposure Accountability and Deterrence Act of 2017 [sic]**

This bill requires the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to revise the national primary drinking water regulations for lead and copper. The rule must direct

- public water systems (the systems) to meet certain reporting requirements;
- the EPA to develop a sampling protocol and develop instructions for compliance with the protocol;
- the EPA, or the state exercising primary enforcement responsibility, to require on-site investigations for identifying the source of lead in all residential or nonresidential facilities when their individual samples have concentrations of lead or copper contamination exceeding specified levels;
- the systems to meet certain notification and reporting requirements when lead or copper concentration levels are exceeded;
- the systems to develop and make publicly available an inventory of the material composition of the service lines at residential and nonresidential facilities;
- the systems to collect and make publicly available information about the ownership of those service lines; and
- the systems to replace an entire lead service line (instead of partially replacing them) when they are replaced.

The EPA must also revise the rule to lower the allowable level of lead that may be contained in drinking water.

### **Actions Timeline**

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- **Jul 11, 2019:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Climate Change.
- **Jul 10, 2019:** Introduced in House
- **Jul 10, 2019:** Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce.