

HR 839

Public Service Spending Integrity Act

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Government Operations and Politics

Introduced: Feb 2, 2017

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, and in addition to the Committee on House Administration, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (Feb 2, 2017)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/house-bill/839>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Ruiz, Raul [D-CA-36]

Party: Democratic • **State:** CA • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (5 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Kaptur, Marcy [D-OH-9]	D · OH		Feb 16, 2017
Rep. Shea-Porter, Carol [D-NH-1]	D · NH		Feb 16, 2017
Rep. Capuano, Michael E. [D-MA-7]	D · MA		Mar 2, 2017
Rep. Lee, Barbara [D-CA-13]	D · CA		May 22, 2017
Rep. Cohen, Steve [D-TN-9]	D · TN		Jul 27, 2017

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Committee on House Administration	House	Referred To	Feb 2, 2017
Oversight and Government Reform Committee	House	Referred To	Feb 2, 2017

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Government Operations and Politics

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Public Service Spending Integrity Act

This bill prohibits any federal funds from being obligated or expended for purposes of procuring goods or services at any business owned or controlled by a covered individual or any family member of such an individual. A "covered individual" is defined to include the President, the Vice President, the head of any executive department, and any individual occupying a position designated by the President as a cabinet-level position.

The bill also prohibits the obligation or expenditure of funds from a Members' Representational Allowance or a Senators' Official Personnel and Office Expense Account for purposes of procuring goods or services at any business owned or controlled by the Member of Congress or any family member.

No federal agency may enter into a contract with a business owned or controlled by a covered individual or family member. A business shall be deemed to be owned or controlled by a covered individual or family member, or by a Member of Congress or family member, if any such person: (1) is a member of the board of directors or similar governing body of the business, or (2) directly or indirectly owns or controls 51% or more of the voting shares of the business.

Actions Timeline

- **Feb 2, 2017:** Introduced in House
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