

SJRES 69

A joint resolution supporting a Diplomatic Solution in Yemen and Condemning the Murder of Jamal Khashoggi.

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: International Affairs

Introduced: Dec 13, 2018

Current Status: Held at the desk.

Latest Action: Held at the desk. (Dec 19, 2018)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/senate-joint-resolution/69>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Corker, Bob [R-TN]

Party: Republican • **State:** TN • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (12 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Boozman, John [R-AR]	R · AR		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Crapo, Mike [R-ID]	R · ID		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Ernst, Joni [R-IA]	R · IA		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Gardner, Cory [R-CO]	R · CO		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Isakson, Johnny [R-GA]	R · GA		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Kaine, Tim [D-VA]	D · VA		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. McConnell, Mitch [R-KY]	R · KY		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Portman, Rob [R-OH]	R · OH		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Reed, Jack [D-RI]	D · RI		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Rubio, Marco [R-FL]	R · FL		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Sanders, Bernard [I-VT]	I · VT		Dec 13, 2018
Sen. Toomey, Patrick [R-PA]	R · PA		Dec 13, 2018

Committee Activity

No committee referrals or activity are recorded for this bill.

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

International Affairs

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
115 SJRES 54	Related bill	Dec 19, 2018: Held at the desk.
115 S 3652	Related bill	Nov 15, 2018: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.
115 HCONRES 81	Related bill	Oct 11, 2017: UNANIMOUS CONSENT - Mr. Collins (GA) asked unanimous consent that the provisions of section 7 of the War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1546) shall apply to H.Con.Res. 81 not earlier than November 2, 2017, but on the same terms that would have adhered on October 13, 2017. Agreed to without objection.

Summary (as of Dec 13, 2018)

This joint resolution expresses the Senate's belief that Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Mohammed bin Salman is responsible for the murder of journalist Jamal Khashoggi. It criticizes Saudi Arabia's cooperation with, and military equipment purchases from, Russia and China as challenges to the country's long-term relationship with the United States.

The joint resolution calls for an immediate cease-fire in the civil war in Yemen and for the two sides to negotiate a peace agreement. It declares that there is no statutory authority for U.S. involvement in the conflict, including for providing in-air refueling to Saudi aircraft flying missions against the Houthi rebels.

The resolution also condemns the Houthi rebels for human rights violations and the government of Iran for supplying them with weapons.

Actions Timeline

- **Dec 19, 2018:** Received in the House.
- **Dec 19, 2018:** Held at the desk.
- **Dec 17, 2018:** Message on Senate action sent to the House.
- **Dec 13, 2018:** Introduced in Senate
- **Dec 13, 2018:** Passed/agreed to in Senate: Introduced in the Senate, read twice, considered, read the third time, and passed without amendment and with a preamble by Voice Vote.(consideration: CR S7565-7566; text: CR S7566)
- **Dec 13, 2018:** Introduced in the Senate, read twice, considered, read the third time, and passed without amendment and with a preamble by Voice Vote. (consideration: CR S7565-7566; text: CR S7566)