

HR 6297

Assault Weapons Ban and Regulatory Reform Act of 2018

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: Jun 28, 2018

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations. (Aug 6, 2018)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/house-bill/6297>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Wilson, Frederica S. [D-FL-24]

Party: Democratic • **State:** FL • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred to	Aug 6, 2018

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
115 HR 5410	Related bill	Apr 30, 2018: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.
115 HR 5077	Related bill	Mar 20, 2018: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.
115 HR 5087	Related bill	Mar 20, 2018: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.
115 S 2095	Related bill	Mar 14, 2018: Committee on the Judiciary. Hearings held.
115 S 1945	Related bill	Oct 5, 2017: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (text of measure as introduced: CR S6366-6367)

Assault Weapons Ban and Regulatory Reform Act of 2018

This bill amends the federal criminal code to make it a crime to knowingly import, sell, manufacture, transfer, or possess a semiautomatic assault weapon (SAW) or large capacity ammunition feeding device (LCAF), subject to specified exceptions and limitations.

The bill permits continued possession, sale, or transfer of a grandfathered SAW, which must be securely stored. A licensed gun dealer must conduct a background check prior to the sale or transfer of a grandfathered SAW between private parties.

The bill permits continued possession of, but prohibits sale or transfer of, a grandfathered LCAF.

Newly manufactured LCAFs must display serial number identification. Newly manufactured SAWs and LCAFs must display the date of manufacture.

The bill amends the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 to require law enforcement agencies to be notified when a prohibited person attempts to purchase a grandfathered SAW.

It also amends the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to allow a state or local government to use Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program funds to compensate individuals who surrender a SAW or LCAF under a buy-back program.

Finally, the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives must: (1) develop a framework to evaluate and classify firearms based on their ability to be used to injure or kill, and (2) establish a database to track mass shootings and the firearms used in such shootings.

Actions Timeline

- **Aug 6, 2018:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.
- **Jun 28, 2018:** Introduced in House
- **Jun 28, 2018:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.