

HR 4943

CLOUD Act

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: Feb 6, 2018

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period

Latest Action: Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (Feb 6, 2018)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/house-bill/4943>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Collins, Doug [R-GA-9]

Party: Republican • State: GA • Chamber: House

Cosponsors (10 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. DelBene, Suzan K. [D-WA-1]	D · WA		Feb 6, 2018
Rep. Demings, Val Butler [D-FL-10]	D · FL		Feb 6, 2018
Rep. Issa, Darrell E. [R-CA-49]	R · CA		Feb 6, 2018
Rep. Jeffries, Hakeem S. [D-NY-8]	D · NY		Feb 6, 2018
Rep. Marino, Tom [R-PA-10]	R · PA		Feb 6, 2018
Rep. Rutherford, John H. [R-FL-4]	R · FL		Feb 6, 2018
Rep. Holding, George [R-NC-2]	R · NC		Mar 1, 2018
Rep. Smith, Lamar [R-TX-21]	R · TX		Mar 5, 2018
Rep. Woodall, Rob [R-GA-7]	R · GA		Mar 20, 2018
Rep. Emmer, Tom [R-MN-6]	R · MN		Mar 22, 2018

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred To	Feb 6, 2018
Rules Committee	House	Referred To	Feb 6, 2018

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

## Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
115 HR 1625	Related bill	<b>Mar 23, 2018:</b> Became Public Law No: 115-141.
115 S 2383	Identical bill	<b>Feb 6, 2018:</b> Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

## Summary (as of Feb 6, 2018)

### Clarifying Lawful Overseas Use of Data Act or the CLOUD Act

This bill amends the federal criminal code to specify that an electronic communication service (ECS) or remote computing service (RCS) provider must comply with existing requirements to preserve, backup, or disclose the contents of an electronic communication or noncontent records or information pertaining to a customer or subscriber, regardless of whether the communication or record is located within or outside the United States.

An ECS or RCS provider may challenge a domestic warrant that compels disclosure of the contents of an electronic communication if:

- the customer or subscriber is not a U.S. citizen or national, lawful permanent resident, corporation, or other unincorporated entity;
- the customer or subscriber does not reside in the United States; and
- the required disclosure creates a material risk that the provider violates the laws of a foreign government with which the United States has in effect an executive agreement on data access.

In response to an order from a foreign government with which the United States has an executive agreement on data access, an ECS or RCS provider may:

- intercept or disclose the contents of an electronic communication, and
- disclose the contents of a stored electronic communication or noncontent records or information pertaining to a subscriber or customer.

It establishes a framework to allow the United States to enter into executive agreements with foreign governments to govern data access. To be valid, an executive agreement must meet certain requirements, including that the foreign government affords robust procedural privacy protections and adopts minimization procedures.

This bill does not preclude a foreign authority from obtaining assistance in a criminal investigation or prosecution.

### Actions Timeline

- **Feb 6, 2018:** Introduced in House
- **Feb 6, 2018:** Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.