

SRES 361

A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate that the United States Government shall, both unilaterally and alongside the international community, consider all options for exerting maximum pressure on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK), in order to denuclearize the DPRK, protect the lives of United States citizens and allies, and prevent further proliferation of nuclear weapons.

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: International Affairs

Introduced: Dec 14, 2017

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. (text of measure as introduced: CR S8047-8048)

Latest Action: Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. (text of measure as introduced: CR S8047-8048) (Dec 14, 2017)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/senate-resolution/361>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Cornyn, John [R-TX]

Party: Republican • **State:** TX • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (9 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Inhofe, James M. [R-OK]	R · OK		Dec 14, 2017
Sen. McCain, John [R-AZ]	R · AZ		Dec 14, 2017
Sen. Risch, James E. [R-ID]	R · ID		Dec 14, 2017
Sen. Rubio, Marco [R-FL]	R · FL		Dec 14, 2017
Sen. Strange, Luther [R-AL]	R · AL		Dec 14, 2017
Sen. Sullivan, Dan [R-AK]	R · AK		Dec 14, 2017
Sen. Tillis, Thomas [R-NC]	R · NC		Dec 14, 2017
Sen. Boozman, John [R-AR]	R · AR		Jan 29, 2018
Sen. Blunt, Roy [R-MO]	R · MO		Feb 6, 2018

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Foreign Relations Committee	Senate	Referred To	Dec 14, 2017

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

International Affairs

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Declares that: (1) the United States should not tolerate the Democratic People's Republic of Korea's (DPRK's) possession of nuclear weapons or continued development of nuclear weapon and ballistic missile capabilities; (2) the United States and the international community should develop and implement the strictest sanctions regime and exhaust every reasonable diplomatic option to achieve the dismantlement of the DPRK's nuclear weapons and ballistic missile programs; and (3) the U.S. government should plan for every military contingency necessary to defend the American people and ensure regional and global security.

Acknowledges that the Republic of Korea and Japan would likely face immediate retaliation by the DPRK in response to any potential U.S. military action and, therefore, any such action should be coordinated with those governments.

Asserts that Congress should be consulted prior to any use of military force, recognizes that Congress possesses the authority under Article I of the Constitution to declare war, and affirms that congressional authorization is needed prior to any pre-emptive or preventative ground war on the Korean Peninsula initiated by U.S. forces.

Actions Timeline

- **Dec 14, 2017:** Introduced in Senate
- **Dec 14, 2017:** Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. (text of measure as introduced: CR S8047-8048)