

HR 2605

Secret Service Reauthorization Act of 2017

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: May 23, 2017

Current Status: Ordered to be Reported (Amended) by Voice Vote.

Latest Action: Ordered to be Reported (Amended) by Voice Vote. (May 24, 2017)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/house-bill/2605>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Goodlatte, Bob [R-VA-6]

Party: Republican • **State:** VA • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (3 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Conyers, John, Jr. [D-MI-13]	D · MI		May 23, 2017
Rep. Gowdy, Trey [R-SC-4]	R · SC		May 23, 2017
Rep. Jackson Lee, Sheila [D-TX-18]	D · TX		May 23, 2017

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred to	May 23, 2017

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
115 HR 2825	Related bill	Nov 13, 2018: By Senator Johnson from Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs filed written report. Report No. 115-351.

Secret Service Reauthorization Act of 2017

This bill amends the federal criminal code to: (1) subject the appointment of the Director of the U.S. Secret Service to the advice and consent of the Senate; (2) prohibit knowingly entering an object into any restricted building or grounds to impede or disrupt the orderly conduct of government business or official functions; and (3) prohibit knowingly and willfully threatening to kill, kidnap, or harm former Vice Presidents, their spouses, or their children under age 16 or any person protected by the Secret Service under a presidential memorandum.

The Director must increase the annual number of training hours for Secret Service officers and agents.

The Director is authorized to: (1) construct facilities at the Rowley Training Center to improve the training of U.S. Secret Service Uniformed Division officers and Secret Service agents, and (2) hire not fewer than 200 additional officers for such division and 85 additional agents for the Secret Service Presidential Protective Detail.

The Director shall adopt improved procedures for: (1) evaluating vulnerabilities in White House security and threats to persons protected by the Secret Service, and (2) evaluating the use of technology to improve such security and respond to such threats.

The Director is required to evaluate the practicability of equipping agents and officers with weapons other than those currently provided.

Provisions of the Presidential Protection Assistance Act of 1976 requiring expenditures above a specified amount by the Secret Service for securing any non-governmental property in addition to the one non-governmental property designated by each protectee to be approved by the House and Senate Appropriations Committees are replaced with provisions requiring the Secret Service to notify such committees of any such expenditures.

The Director shall establish an Ethics Program Office.

A Secret Service officer may provide armed protective services authorized by statute or pursuant to a presidential memorandum at any place where a general or special election is held.

Actions Timeline

- **May 24, 2017:** Committee Consideration and Mark-up Session Held.
- **May 24, 2017:** Ordered to be Reported (Amended) by Voice Vote.
- **May 23, 2017:** Introduced in House
- **May 23, 2017:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.
- **May 23, 2017:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.