

HR 1781

Comprehensive Fentanyl Control Act

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: Mar 29, 2017

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations. (Apr 21, 2017)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/house-bill/1781>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Donovan, Daniel M., Jr. [R-NY-11]

Party: Republican • **State:** NY • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (5 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Rooney, Thomas J. [R-FL-17]	R · FL		Mar 29, 2017
Rep. Tenney, Claudia [R-NY-22]	R · NY		Jun 15, 2017
Rep. Zeldin, Lee M. [R-NY-1]	R · NY		Jul 11, 2017
Rep. Byrne, Bradley [R-AL-1]	R · AL		Jul 12, 2017
Rep. Budd, Ted [R-NC-13]	R · NC		Jun 22, 2018

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	Mar 31, 2017
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred to	Apr 21, 2017
Oversight and Government Reform Committee	House	Referred To	Mar 29, 2017

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
115 S 2481	Related bill	Apr 11, 2018: Committee on the Judiciary Subcommittee on Crime and Terrorism. Hearings held.
115 HR 3283	Related bill	Aug 17, 2017: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.
115 HR 1354	Related bill	Mar 17, 2017: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.

Comprehensive Fentanyl Control Act

This bill amends the Controlled Substances Act to modify the drug quantity thresholds that trigger a mandatory minimum prison term for a defendant who manufactures, distributes, or possesses with intent to distribute fentanyl.

It also establishes a consecutive mandatory prison term for a defendant who commits a drug offense involving a detectable amount of heroin or fentanyl.

The bill establishes a rebuttable presumption that the illegal manufacture of a controlled substance that contains a detectable amount of heroin or fentanyl creates a substantial risk of harm to human life.

The Drug Enforcement Administration may temporarily place a drug or substance into schedule I based on a finding: (1) that the drug or substance satisfies the criteria for being a synthetic opioid, and (2) that adding it will prevent abuse or misuse.

The bill makes it a crime to knowingly mail to an unauthorized person equipment that may be used to manufacture counterfeit controlled substances. A violator is subject to criminal penalties.

Finally, it makes it a crime to import, export, manufacture, distribute, dispense, or possess with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense, a synthetic opioid that is not clearly labeled. A violator is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

Actions Timeline

- **Apr 21, 2017:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations.
- **Mar 31, 2017:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.
- **Mar 29, 2017:** Introduced in House
- **Mar 29, 2017:** Referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on the Judiciary, and Oversight and Government Reform, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.