

S 1615

Dream Act of 2017

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Immigration

Introduced: Jul 20, 2017

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (Jul 20, 2017)

Official Text: https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/senate-bill/1615

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Graham, Lindsey [R-SC]

Party: Republican • State: SC • Chamber: Senate

Cosponsors (10 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Durbin, Richard J. [D-IL]	D · IL		Jul 20, 2017
Sen. Flake, Jeff [R-AZ]	R · AZ		Jul 20, 2017
Sen. Schumer, Charles E. [D-NY]	D · NY		Jul 20, 2017
Sen. Murkowski, Lisa [R-AK]	R · AK		Jul 24, 2017
Sen. Cortez Masto, Catherine [D-NV]	D · NV		Jul 26, 2017
Sen. Feinstein, Dianne [D-CA]	D · CA		Aug 2, 2017
Sen. Harris, Kamala D. [D-CA]	D · CA		Aug 2, 2017
Sen. Bennet, Michael F. [D-CO]	D · CO		Sep 5, 2017
Sen. Gardner, Cory [R-CO]	R · CO		Sep 5, 2017
Sen. Nelson, Bill [D-FL]	D · FL		Dec 20, 2017

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	Senate	Referred To	Jul 20, 2017

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Immigration

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
115 S 2367	Related bill	Feb 5, 2018: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
115 HR 4796	Related bill	Jan 26, 2018: Referred to the Subcommittee on Border and Maritime Security.
115 HR 3440	Identical bill	Sep 6, 2017: Referred to the Subcommittee on Immigration and Border Security.

Dream Act of 2017

This bill directs the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) to cancel removal and grant lawful permanent resident status on a conditional basis to an alien who is inadmissible or deportable or is in temporary protected status who: (1) has been continuously physically present in the United States for four years preceding this bill's enactment; (2) was younger than 18 years of age on the initial date of U.S. entry; (3) is not inadmissible on criminal, security, terrorism, or other grounds; (4) has not participated in persecution; (5) has not been convicted of specified federal or state offenses; and (6) has fulfilled specified educational requirements.

DHS shall cancel the removal of, and adjust to the status of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence on a conditional basis, an alien who was granted Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) status unless the alien has engaged in conduct that would make the alien ineligible for DACA.

DHS may not: (1) grant conditional permanent resident status without the submission of biometric and background data, and completion of background and medical checks; and (2) disclose or use information provided in applications filed under this bill or in DACA requests for immigration enforcement purposes.

The bill prescribes the conditions under which DHS: (1) may terminate a person's conditional permanent resident status, and (2) shall adjust a person's conditional status to permanent resident status.

The bill: (1) sets forth documentation requirements for establishing DACA eligibility, and (2) repeals the denial of an unlawful alien's eligibility for higher education benefits based on state residence.

Actions Timeline

- **Jul 20, 2017:** Introduced in Senate
- **Jul 20, 2017:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.