

S 1022

MISSION ZERO Act

Congress: 115 (2017–2019, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Health

Introduced: May 3, 2017

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. (May 3, 2017)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/115th-congress/senate-bill/1022>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Isakson, Johnny [R-GA]

Party: Republican • **State:** GA • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (11 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Cornyn, John [R-TX]	R · TX		May 3, 2017
Sen. Duckworth, Tammy [D-IL]	D · IL		May 3, 2017
Sen. Cotton, Tom [R-AR]	R · AR		Sep 26, 2017
Sen. Brown, Sherrod [D-OH]	D · OH		Oct 17, 2017
Sen. Merkley, Jeff [D-OR]	D · OR		Oct 30, 2017
Sen. Van Hollen, Chris [D-MD]	D · MD		Mar 19, 2018
Sen. Heller, Dean [R-NV]	R · NV		Mar 22, 2018
Sen. Klobuchar, Amy [D-MN]	D · MN		May 22, 2018
Sen. Warren, Elizabeth [D-MA]	D · MA		May 23, 2018
Sen. Booker, Cory A. [D-NJ]	D · NJ		Jun 4, 2018
Sen. Cardin, Benjamin L. [D-MD]	D · MD		Jun 6, 2018

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee	Senate	Referred To	May 3, 2017

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Health

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
115 HR 7328	Related bill	Dec 20, 2018: Received in the Senate.
115 HR 6378	Related bill	Sep 26, 2018: Received in the Senate.
115 HR 880	Identical bill	Feb 27, 2018: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Summary (as of May 3, 2017)

Military Injury Surgical Systems Integrated Operationally Nationwide to Achieve ZERO Preventable Deaths Act or the MISSION ZERO Act

This bill amends the Public Health Service Act to require the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response to award grants to certain trauma centers to enable military trauma care providers and trauma teams to provide trauma care and related acute care at those trauma centers. Funds may be used to train and incorporate military trauma care providers into the trauma center, including expenditures for malpractice insurance, office space, information technology, specialty education and supervision, trauma programs, and state license fees. Grantees must allow the military trauma care providers to be deployed for military operations, training, or response to a mass casualty incident.

Actions Timeline

- May 3, 2017: Introduced in Senate
- May 3, 2017: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.