

HJRES 79

Proposing a balanced budget amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Congress: 114 (2015–2017, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Economics and Public Finance

Introduced: Dec 16, 2015

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice. (Jan 15, 2016)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/house-joint-resolution/79>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Hardy, Cresent [R-NV-4]

Party: Republican • **State:** NV • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

| Committee | Chamber | Activity | Date |
|---------------------|---------|-------------|--------------|
| Judiciary Committee | House | Referred to | Jan 15, 2016 |

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Economics and Public Finance

Related Bills

| Bill | Relationship | Last Action |
|--------------|--------------|--|
| 114 HJRES 1 | Related bill | Jan 12, 2015: Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice. |
| 114 HJRES 2 | Related bill | Jan 12, 2015: Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice. |
| 114 HJRES 7 | Related bill | Jan 12, 2015: Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice. |
| 114 HJRES 12 | Related bill | Jan 12, 2015: Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice. |

Constitutional Amendment

This joint resolution proposes a constitutional amendment prohibiting total outlays from exceeding total receipts for a fiscal year unless Congress authorizes the excess by a three-fifths roll call vote of each chamber. The prohibition excludes outlays for repayment of debt principal and receipts derived from borrowing.

The President must submit a balanced budget to Congress annually. If the President does not submit a balanced budget for a fiscal year, no executive orders may be issued until the earlier of the submission of a balanced budget or the first day of the fiscal year.

A three-fifths roll call vote of each chamber of Congress is required to increase the public debt limit.

Congress may waive the requirements for any period during which the United States is engaged in military conflict that causes an imminent and serious military threat to national security.

Actions Timeline

- **Jan 15, 2016:** Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice.
- **Dec 16, 2015:** Introduced in House
- **Dec 16, 2015:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.