

HR 5339

CEJA

Congress: 114 (2015–2017, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: May 26, 2016

Current Status: Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.

Latest Action: Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary. (May 26, 2016)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/house-bill/5339>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Price, David E. [D-NC-4]

Party: Democratic • State: NC • Chamber: House

Cosponsors (1 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Issa, Darrell E. [R-CA-49]	R · CA		May 26, 2016

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred To	May 26, 2016

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
114 S 2612	Related bill	Mar 1, 2016: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (Sponsor introductory remarks on measure: CR S1138)
114 S 1377	Related bill	May 19, 2015: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (Sponsor introductory remarks on measure: CR S3067-3068; text of measure as introduced: CR S3068-3070)

Civilian Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act of 2016 or the CEJA

This bill amends the federal criminal code to grant jurisdiction over and impose penalties on federal contractors and employees who commit certain crimes outside of the United States while employed by or accompanying any agency of the United States other than the Department of Defense or while so employed and stationed or deployed in a country outside of the United States pursuant to a treaty or executive agreement in furtherance of a border security initiative with that country.

The bill provides for an optional venue for offenses under this bill involving federal employees and contractors overseas in the district in which is headquartered the U.S. agency that: (1) employs the offender, or any one or two or more joint offenders; or (2) the offender is accompanying, or that any one or two or more joint offenders is accompanying.

It requires the statute of limitations for an offense under this bill to be suspended for the period during which the alleged offender is outside the United States or is a fugitive from justice.

It grants the Department of Justice (DOJ) principal authority for the enforcement of this bill. DOJ must: (1) assign personnel and resources through task forces to investigate allegations of criminal offenses by federal contractors and employees overseas, and (2) report to Congress annually on the number of prosecutions and actions taken.

This bill does not apply to the authorized intelligence activities of the U.S. government.

Actions Timeline

- **May 26, 2016:** Introduced in House
- **May 26, 2016:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.