

S 3056

CREATES Act of 2016

Congress: 114 (2015–2017, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Health

Introduced: Jun 14, 2016

Current Status: Committee on the Judiciary Subcommittee on Antitrust, Competition Policy and Consumer Rights. Hearin

Latest Action: Committee on the Judiciary Subcommittee on Antitrust, Competition Policy and Consumer Rights.

Hearings held. (Jun 21, 2016)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/senate-bill/3056>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Leahy, Patrick J. [D-VT]

Party: Democratic • **State:** VT • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (11 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Grassley, Chuck [R-IA]	R · IA		Jun 14, 2016
Sen. Klobuchar, Amy [D-MN]	D · MN		Jun 14, 2016
Sen. Lee, Mike [R-UT]	R · UT		Jun 14, 2016
Sen. Collins, Susan M. [R-ME]	R · ME		Jun 21, 2016
Sen. McCaskill, Claire [D-MO]	D · MO		Jun 21, 2016
Sen. Blumenthal, Richard [D-CT]	D · CT		Jul 14, 2016
Sen. McCain, John [R-AZ]	R · AZ		Jul 14, 2016
Sen. Vitter, David [R-LA]	R · LA		Sep 13, 2016
Sen. Whitehouse, Sheldon [D-RI]	D · RI		Sep 13, 2016
Sen. Cotton, Tom [R-AR]	R · AR		Sep 22, 2016
Sen. Durbin, Richard J. [D-IL]	D · IL		Sep 22, 2016

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	Senate	Hearings By (subcommittee)	Jun 21, 2016

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Health

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Creating and Restoring Equal Access to Equivalent Samples Act of 2016 or the CREATES Act of 2016

This bill permits the developer of a drug or biological product to bring a civil action against the license holder of an approved medication alleging that the license holder: (1) declined to make available sufficient quantities of the approved medication for the developer's testing; or (2) failed to agree on, or refused to allow the developer to join, a single, shared system of elements to assure safe use (ETASU) of the medication. (Under current law, a generic version of a medication with ETASU must join the brand name medication's system of ETASU unless the developer of the generic has a waiver from the Food and Drug Administration.) The bill does not apply to medications for which there is a shortage, unless the shortage will not be promptly resolved.

In a civil action regarding the availability of sufficient quantities of a medication, it is an affirmative defense that the license holder: (1) is not manufacturing or marketing the medication and does not have access to a supply of the medication to make available, or (2) sells the medication without restrictions through other entities and the developer can purchase sufficient quantities of the medication from those entities.

Actions Timeline

- **Jun 21, 2016:** Committee on the Judiciary Subcommittee on Antitrust, Competition Policy and Consumer Rights. Hearings held.
- **Jun 14, 2016:** Introduced in Senate
- **Jun 14, 2016:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (Sponsor introductory remarks on measure: CR S3862-3863)