

## HR 2986

Justice for Victims of Confidential Informant Crime Act of 2015

**Congress:** 114 (2015–2017, Ended)

**Chamber:** House

**Policy Area:** Law

**Introduced:** Jul 8, 2015

**Current Status:** Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice.

**Latest Action:** Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice. (Jul 29, 2015)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/house-bill/2986>

### Sponsor

**Name:** Rep. Lynch, Stephen F. [D-MA-8]

**Party:** Democratic • **State:** MA • **Chamber:** House

### Cosponsors

*No cosponsors are listed for this bill.*

### Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred to	Jul 29, 2015

### Subjects & Policy Tags

**Policy Area:**

Law

### Related Bills

*No related bills are listed.*

## **Justice for Victims of Confidential Informant Crime Act of 2015**

Amends the federal judicial code to extend to three years and six months the period within which a tort claim against the United States must be presented in writing to a federal agency when the claim arises out of a government employee's conduct with respect to the criminal misconduct of a government informant. (Current law bars all tort claims against the United States that are not presented within two years after the claim accrues.)

Applies the amendment retroactively to any such claim that: (1) accrued on or after May 1, 1981; and (2) in the case of a claim accrued before the date of enactment of this Act, is presented within one year after such date.

Prohibits the government from asserting a defense or a bar, based on the doctrine of res judicata or collateral estoppel, to a claim that accrued before enactment of this Act and to which this Act applies.

## **Actions Timeline**

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- **Jul 29, 2015:** Referred to the Subcommittee on the Constitution and Civil Justice.
- **Jul 8, 2015:** Introduced in House
- **Jul 8, 2015:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.