

HR 2335

Stop Tampering of Prescription Pills Act of 2015

Congress: 114 (2015–2017, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Health

Introduced: May 14, 2015

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health. (May 15, 2015)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/house-bill/2335>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Keating, William R. [D-MA-9]

Party: Democratic • **State:** MA • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (9 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Aderholt, Robert B. [R-AL-4]	R · AL		May 14, 2015
Rep. Buchanan, Vern [R-FL-16]	R · FL		May 14, 2015
Rep. Kennedy, Joseph P., III [D-MA-4]	D · MA		May 14, 2015
Rep. Lynch, Stephen F. [D-MA-8]	D · MA		May 14, 2015
Rep. McGovern, James P. [D-MA-2]	D · MA		May 14, 2015
Rep. Rogers, Harold [R-KY-5]	R · KY		May 14, 2015
Rep. Rooney, Thomas J. [R-FL-17]	R · FL		May 14, 2015
Rep. Schakowsky, Janice D. [D-IL-9]	D · IL		May 14, 2015
Rep. Clark, Katherine M. [D-MA-5]	D · MA		Jul 8, 2015

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	May 15, 2015

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Health

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Stop Tampering of Prescription Pills Act of 2015

This bill amends the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to require the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to deny approval to a new oral opioid (a drug with effects similar to opium, such as morphine) that does not have properties that make the drug significantly more difficult to abuse if an abuse-deterrent drug containing the same opioid is available. The FDA may approve an opioid drug that is not abuse-deterrent if approval is necessary to prevent or alleviate a drug shortage or to address a significant unmet public health need.

To be approved by the FDA, a generic version of an abuse-deterrent brand name drug must be at least comparably abuse-deterrent and its active components must not differ in any material respect from the brand name drug.

An approved generic drug is not bioequivalent to, and does not have the same therapeutic effect as, a brand name drug that becomes abuse-deterrent unless the generic drug is at least comparably abuse-deterrent.

Approval of a generic oral opioid is withdrawn if the brand name drug is not abuse-deterrent and not available and there is an approved abuse-deterrent drug available that contains the same opioid in the same dose.

Approval of an oral opioid is withdrawn if the drug is not abuse-deterrent and there is an approved abuse-deterrent drug available that contains the same opioid. Withdrawal of approval may be waived by the FDA for a drug intended for a special needs population. The FDA must delay withdrawal to give the drug sponsor an opportunity to obtain approval for an abuse-deterrent formulation of the drug.

Actions Timeline

- **May 15, 2015:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.
- **May 14, 2015:** Introduced in House
- **May 14, 2015:** Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce.