

S 2156

Wildfire and Emergency Airspace Protection Act of 2015

Congress: 114 (2015–2017, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: Oct 7, 2015

Current Status: Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 114-635.

Latest Action: Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 114-635. (Mar 10, 2016)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/senate-bill/2156>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Shaheen, Jeanne [D-NH]

Party: Democratic • **State:** NH • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	Senate	Referred To	Oct 7, 2015
Small Business and Entrepreneurship Committee	Senate	Hearings By (full committee)	Mar 10, 2016

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Summary (as of Oct 7, 2015)

Wildfire and Emergency Airspace Protection Act of 2015

This bill amends the federal criminal code to make it a crime to knowingly launch a drone for recreational purposes that recklessly interferes with disaster response or firefighting efforts.

The legislation does not affect the use of drones launched for agricultural purposes.

Violators are subject to a fine, up to five years in prison, or both.

Actions Timeline

- **Mar 10, 2016:** Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 114-635.
- **Oct 7, 2015:** Introduced in Senate
- **Oct 7, 2015:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.