

HR 1456

Biennial Budgeting and Appropriations Act of 2015

Congress: 114 (2015–2017, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Economics and Public Finance

Introduced: Mar 18, 2015

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Governme

Latest Action: Referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Government Reform, and Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (Mar 18, 2015)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/114th-congress/house-bill/1456>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Whitfield, Ed [R-KY-1]

Party: Republican • **State:** KY • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (2 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. DeFazio, Peter A. [D-OR-4]	D · OR		Mar 18, 2015
Rep. Stivers, Steve [R-OH-15]	R · OH		Mar 18, 2015

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Budget Committee	House	Referred To	Mar 18, 2015
Oversight and Government Reform Committee	House	Referred To	Mar 18, 2015
Rules Committee	House	Referred To	Mar 18, 2015

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Economics and Public Finance

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
114 S 150	Related bill	Nov 4, 2015: Committee on the Budget. Hearings held.
114 HR 1610	Related bill	Mar 25, 2015: Referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Government Reform, and Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

Biennial Budgeting and Appropriations Act of 2015

This bill amends the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Congressional Budget Impoundment and Control Act of 1974, and the Rules of the House of Representatives to change the process for the President's budget submission, congressional budget resolutions, appropriations bills, and government strategic and performance plans from the current annual process to a biennial process, in which a biennium is the two consecutive fiscal years beginning on October 1 of any odd-numbered year.

The Congressional Budget Office must submit to Congress a quarterly analysis comparing revenues, spending, and the deficit or surplus for the current fiscal year to assumptions included in the congressional budget resolution.

The House Budget Committee must use the second session of each Congress to study issues with long-term budgetary and economic implications.

The bill creates a point of order in the House and Senate against authorizations of appropriations that do not include specific authorizations covering at least each fiscal year in one or more bienniums.

The Office of Management and Budget must report to Congress on the impact and feasibility of changing the definition of a fiscal year and the budget process based on that definition to a two-year fiscal period.

The bill requires the biennial process to take effect beginning with the FY2020 budget process and sets forth procedures and requirements for a transition period during the 115th Congress.

Actions Timeline

- **Mar 18, 2015:** Introduced in House
- **Mar 18, 2015:** Referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition to the Committees on Oversight and Government Reform, and Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.