

HR 5360

American Renaissance in Manufacturing Act

Congress: 113 (2013–2015, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Commerce

Introduced: Jul 31, 2014

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Environmental Regulation.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Environmental Regulation. (Sep 15, 2014)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/113th-congress/house-bill/5360>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Mulvaney, Mick [R-SC-5]

Party: Republican • **State:** SC • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (19 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Brooks, Mo [R-AL-5]	R · AL		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Chabot, Steve [R-OH-1]	R · OH		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Crawford, Eric A. "Rick" [R-AR-1]	R · AR		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. DeSantis, Ron [R-FL-6]	R · FL		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Duncan, John J., Jr. [R-TN-2]	R · TN		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Hensarling, Jeb [R-TX-5]	R · TX		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Huizenga, Bill [R-MI-2]	R · MI		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Hultgren, Randy [R-IL-14]	R · IL		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Jordan, Jim [R-OH-4]	R · OH		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. LaMalfa, Doug [R-CA-1]	R · CA		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Lamborn, Doug [R-CO-5]	R · CO		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. McClintonck, Tom [R-CA-4]	R · CA		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Price, Tom [R-GA-6]	R · GA		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Roe, David P. [R-TN-1]	R · TN		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Schweikert, David [R-AZ-6]	R · AZ		Jul 31, 2014
Rep. Barr, Andy [R-KY-6]	R · KY		Sep 8, 2014
Rep. Fincher, Stephen Lee [R-TN-8]	R · TN		Sep 8, 2014
Rep. Hudson, Richard [R-NC-8]	R · NC		Sep 8, 2014
Rep. Clawson, Curt [R-FL-19]	R · FL		Sep 15, 2014

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Budget Committee	House	Referred To	Jul 31, 2014
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	Aug 1, 2014
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred To	Jul 31, 2014
Natural Resources Committee	House	Referred to	Sep 15, 2014
Natural Resources Committee	House	Referred to	Sep 15, 2014
Rules Committee	House	Referred To	Jul 31, 2014
Science, Space, and Technology Committee	House	Referred to	Sep 12, 2014
Transportation and Infrastructure Committee	House	Referred to	Aug 1, 2014
Transportation and Infrastructure Committee	House	Referred to	Aug 1, 2014
Transportation and Infrastructure Committee	House	Referred to	Aug 1, 2014
Ways and Means Committee	House	Referred To	Jul 31, 2014

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Commerce

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
113 S 2823	Related bill	Sep 16, 2014: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.
113 HR 5304	Related bill	Aug 1, 2014: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.
113 HR 4718	Related bill	Jul 15, 2014: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 465.
113 HR 3301	Related bill	Jun 26, 2014: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 442.
113 HR 4457	Related bill	Jun 17, 2014: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 434.
113 HR 4743	Related bill	May 23, 2014: Referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means.
113 HR 4438	Related bill	May 12, 2014: Received in the Senate.
113 S 2319	Related bill	May 12, 2014: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
113 HR 3826	Related bill	May 8, 2014: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 374.
113 S 1905	Related bill	Jan 9, 2014: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.
113 S 1720	Related bill	Dec 17, 2013: Committee on the Judiciary. Hearings held.
113 HR 1900	Related bill	Dec 9, 2013: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.
113 HR 2728	Related bill	Dec 9, 2013: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 255.
113 HR 3309	Related bill	Dec 9, 2013: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
113 HR 2655	Related bill	Nov 18, 2013: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
113 HR 982	Related bill	Nov 14, 2013: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
113 HR 2850	Related bill	Oct 23, 2013: Placed on the Union Calendar, Calendar No. 179.
113 HR 3042	Related bill	Sep 13, 2013: Referred to the Subcommittee on Regulatory Reform, Commercial And Antitrust Law.
113 HR 367	Related bill	Sep 9, 2013: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.
113 HR 1582	Related bill	Sep 9, 2013: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.
113 HR 2218	Related bill	Jul 30, 2013: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 153.
113 HR 2784	Related bill	Jul 26, 2013: Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and the Economy.
113 HR 2823	Related bill	Jul 26, 2013: Referred to the Subcommittee on Energy and Power.
113 S 1342	Related bill	Jul 23, 2013: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance.
113 S 1288	Related bill	Jul 11, 2013: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
113 HR 2231	Related bill	Jul 8, 2013: Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.
113 HR 271	Related bill	Jun 3, 2013: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 82.

American Renaissance in Manufacturing Act - **Title I: Creating a More Competitive Tax Code** - Amends the Internal Revenue Code to reduce to 25% of taxable income the income tax rate for corporations (currently, the maximum rate is 35%). Makes permanent: (1) the reduction in the recognition period for the built-in gains of S corporations, (2) the basis adjustments to the stock of S corporations making charitable contributions of appreciated property, (3) the expensing allowance for depreciable business assets, (4) the research tax credit, and (5) the additional depreciation allowance (bonus depreciation) for business assets.

Title II: Reining In Job-Killing Washington Red Tape - States that the purpose of this title is to increase accountability for and transparency in the federal regulatory process by requiring Congress to approve all new major regulations.

Revises provisions relating to congressional review of agency rulemaking to require a federal agency promulgating a rule to include in its report to Congress and to the Comptroller General (GAO) a classification of the rule as a major or nonmajor rule. Sets forth a congressional approval procedure for major rules and a congressional disapproval procedure for nonmajor rules. Amends the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to provide that any rule subject to such congressional approval procedure affecting budget authority, outlays, or receipts shall be assumed to be effective unless it is not approved in accordance with such procedure.

Requires the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), before promulgating as final an energy-related rule that is estimated to cost more than \$1 billion, to report to Congress on the effects of such rule on the economy and on employment. Prohibits the Administrator from: (1) using the social cost of carbon in any cost-benefit analysis relating to such energy-related rule; and (2) issuing, implementing, or enforcing any proposed or final rule under the Clean Air Act that establishes a performance standard for greenhouse gas emissions from any new source that is a fossil fuel-fired electric utility generating unit unless the rule meets specified requirements.

Nullifies the force and effect of specified proposed rules (or similar successor proposed or final rules) for Standards of Performance for Greenhouse Gas Emissions for New Stationary Sources: Electric Utility Generating Units.

Amends the Solid Waste Disposal Act to authorize states to adopt and implement coal combustion residuals permit programs.

Title III: Reducing Frivolous Legal Costs - Amends the sanctions provisions in Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure to require the court to impose an appropriate sanction on any attorney, law firm, or party that has violated, or is responsible for the violation of, the rule with regard to representations to the court. Requires any sanction to compensate parties injured by the conduct in question.

Repeals the provision that prohibits filing a motion for sanctions if the challenged paper, claim, defense, contention, or denial is withdrawn or appropriately corrected within 21 days after service or within another time the court sets.

Authorizes the court to impose additional sanctions, such as striking the pleadings, dismissing the suit, or other nonmonetary directives or ordering penalty payments if warranted for effective deterrence.

Amends federal bankruptcy law to require a quarterly report on asbestos claims.

Revises pleading and procedural requirements for patent infringement actions. Directs the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) to notify the public on its website when a patent case is brought in federal court.

Codifies judicial doctrine relating to the consideration of prior art in cases of double patenting for the purpose of determining the nonobviousness of a second patent's claimed invention, thereby specifying that such doctrine continues to apply to the first-inventor-to-file patent system under the Leahy-Smith America Invents Act.

Amends the Federal Power Act to require the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) to ensure that any emergency order issued under such Act for the interconnection of facilities for the generation, transmission, and sale of electric energy that may result in a conflict with a requirement of any environmental law: (1) requires generation, delivery, interchange, or transmission of electric energy only during hours necessary to meet the emergency and serve the public interest; and (2) to the maximum extent practical, is consistent with any other applicable environmental law and minimizes any adverse environmental impacts.

Title IV: Preserving Access to Abundant and Affordable Sources of Energy - Expedites the permit approval process for the Keystone Pipeline by eliminating the requirement for a presidential permit and other requirements.

Amends the Natural Gas Act to direct the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) to approve or deny a certificate of public convenience and necessity within 12 months after providing public notice of the permit application for a natural gas pipeline project.

Prohibits any person from constructing, connecting, operating, or maintaining a cross-border segment of an oil or natural gas pipeline or electric transmission facility at the national boundary of the United States for the import or export of oil, natural gas, or electricity to or from Canada or Mexico without obtaining a certificate of crossing under this Act.

Amends the Mineral Leasing Act to prohibit the Department of the Interior from enforcing any federal regulation, guidance, or permit requirement regarding hydraulic fracturing (including any component of that process), relating to oil, gas, or geothermal production activities on or under any land in any state that has regulations, guidance, or permit requirements for that activity.

Amends the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act to direct the Secretary of the Interior to implement a leasing program that includes at least 50% of the available unleased acreage within each Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) planning area considered to have the largest undiscovered, technically recoverable oil and gas resources, with an emphasis on offering the most geologically prospective parts of the planning area.

Directs the Secretary of the Interior to conduct specified oil and gas lease sales on the Outer Continental Shelf off the coasts of Virginia and South Carolina and to offer for sale leases of tracts in the Southern California area.

Allocates 37.5% of the amount of new federal leasing revenues to coastal states that are: (1) impacted by the leases under which those revenues are received by the United States, and (2) within 200 miles of the leased tract.

Establishes in the Department of the Interior: (1) an Under Secretary for Energy, Lands, and Minerals; (2) an Assistant Secretary of Ocean Energy and Safety; (3) an Assistant Secretary of Land and Minerals Management; (4) a Bureau of Ocean Energy; (5) an Ocean Energy Safety Service; and (6) an Office of Natural Resources Revenue.

Directs the Secretary to establish: (1) a National Offshore Energy Safety Academy to train oil and gas inspectors and other Department of Interior personnel; and (2) an Outer Continental Shelf Energy Safety Advisory Board to provide advice on mineral and renewable energy exploration, development, and production activities.

Abolishes the Minerals Management Service.

Prohibits the Bureau of Ocean Energy and the Ocean Energy Safety Service from developing, proposing, finalizing, administering, or implementing any limitation on activities under their jurisdictions as a result of the coastal and marine spatial planning component of the National Ocean Policy developed under Executive Order No. 13547.

Redefines the OCS to include all submerged lands lying within the U.S. exclusive economic zone and the Continental Shelf adjacent to any U.S. territory.

Sets forth requirements for filing complaints for judicial review of federal actions relating to energy leases.

Actions Timeline

- **Sep 15, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Energy and Mineral Resources.
- **Sep 15, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Public Lands and Environmental Regulation.
- **Sep 12, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment.
- **Aug 1, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Energy and Power.
- **Aug 1, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation.
- **Aug 1, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Railroads, Pipelines, and Hazardous Materials.
- **Aug 1, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Water Resources and Environment.
- **Jul 31, 2014:** Introduced in House
- **Jul 31, 2014:** Referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, the Budget, the Judiciary, Rules, Natural Resources, Transportation and Infrastructure, and Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.