

HR 4655

Unfunded Mandates Accountability Act of 2013

Congress: 113 (2013–2015, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Government Operations and Politics

Introduced: May 9, 2014

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Regulatory Reform, Commercial And Antitrust Law.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Regulatory Reform, Commercial And Antitrust Law. (Jul 21, 2014)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/113th-congress/house-bill/4655>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Yoder, Kevin [R-KS-3]

Party: Republican • **State:** KS • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Budget Committee	House	Referred To	May 9, 2014
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred to	Jul 21, 2014
Oversight and Government Reform Committee	House	Referred To	May 9, 2014
Rules Committee	House	Referred To	May 9, 2014

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Government Operations and Politics

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
113 S 2931	Related bill	Nov 17, 2014: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

Unfunded Mandates Accountability Act of 2013 [*sic*]- Amends the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 to: (1) require regulatory impact analyses for rules that do not involve a legislative mandate and for final rules that do not have a prior notice of proposed rulemaking; (2) require federal agencies to prepare and publish in the Federal Register an initial and final regulatory impact analysis prior to promulgating any proposed or final rule that may have an annual effect on the economy of \$100 million or more or that may result in the expenditure of \$100 million or more in any one year by state, local, and tribal governments; (3) require such agencies to identify and consider regulatory alternatives before promulgating any proposed or final rule and select the least costly, most cost-effective, or least burdensome alternative; (4) define "cost" as the cost of compliance and any reasonably foreseeable indirect cost resulting from agency rulemaking; (5) exempt rules concerning monetary policy proposed or implemented by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System or the Federal Open Market Committee from provisions of such Act relating to regulatory accountability and reform, review of federal mandates, and judicial review; and (6) expand provisions relating to judicial review of regulatory impact analyses.

Amends the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require independent regulatory agencies to conduct regulatory impact analyses.

Actions Timeline

- **Jul 21, 2014:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Regulatory Reform, Commercial And Antitrust Law.
- **May 9, 2014:** Introduced in House
- **May 9, 2014:** Referred to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, and in addition to the Committees on the Judiciary, Rules, and the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.