

S 290

Title X Amendments Act of 2013

Congress: 113 (2013–2015, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Housing and Community Development

Introduced: Feb 13, 2013

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs. (Feb 13, 2013)

Official Text: https://www.congress.gov/bill/113th-congress/senate-bill/290

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Reed, Jack [D-RI]

Party: Democratic • State: RI • Chamber: Senate

Cosponsors (5 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Boxer, Barbara [D-CA]	D · CA		Feb 13, 2013
Sen. Franken, Al [D-MN]	D · MN		Feb 13, 2013
Sen. Johanns, Mike [R-NE]	R · NE		Feb 13, 2013
Sen. Whitehouse, Sheldon [D-RI]	D · RI		Feb 14, 2013
Sen. Klobuchar, Amy [D-MN]	D · MN		Mar 12, 2013

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs Committee	Senate	Referred To	Feb 13, 2013

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Housing and Community Development

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
113 HR 1282	Related bill	Mar 20, 2013: Referred to the House Committee on Financial Services.

Title X Amendments Act of 2013 - Amends the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 to revise the purpose for grants for lead-based paint hazard reduction in target housing.

Requires such grants to be made instead for reduction of lead-based paint hazards and correction of other housing-related hazards.

Authorizes the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to establish a process by which, in order to verify a family's income level, a grantee may first obtain and use income and program participation information from an entity administering: (1) the HOME Investment Partnerships program under the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act; (2) the special supplemental nutrition program for women, infants, and children (WIC) established under the Child Nutrition Act of 1966; (3) reduced price or free lunches under the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act; (4) the weatherization assistance program for low-income persons established under the Energy Conservation and Production Act; (5) the temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) program under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (SSA); (6) the supplemental security income (SSI) program under SSA title XVI; or (7) any other program consistent with the family income requirements of the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992.

Makes eligible to apply for such a grant, in addition to certain state or local governments, for specified activities relating to lead-based paint hazards: (1) an Indian tribe, and (2) private nonprofit organization partnering with the state or unit of general local government in which the activities will be carried out.

Makes a private nonprofit organization not partnering with a state or local government eligible all the same to apply for a grant to reduce housing-related health hazards, including any condition of residential real property that poses a risk of biological, physical, radiological, or chemical exposure that can adversely affect human health.

Revises grantee selection criteria for a grant to carry out activities relating to lead-based paint hazards, and prescribes criteria for activities relating to housing-related hazards.

Prescribes an allocation of funds for grants to assess and correct housing-related health hazards and evaluate the effectiveness of such assessments and corrections.

Reauthorizes the Act for FY2014-FY2018.

Actions Timeline

- **Feb 13, 2013:** Introduced in Senate
- **Feb 13, 2013:** Sponsor introductory remarks on measure. (CR S709)
- **Feb 13, 2013:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.