

S 2198

Emergency Drought Relief Act of 2014

Congress: 113 (2013–2015, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Emergency Management

Introduced: Apr 1, 2014

Current Status: Held at the desk.

Latest Action: Held at the desk. (May 23, 2014)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/113th-congress/senate-bill/2198>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Feinstein, Dianne [D-CA]

Party: Democratic • **State:** CA • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (10 total)

| Cosponsor | Party / State | Role | Date Joined |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|------|--------------|
| Sen. Boxer, Barbara [D-CA] | D · CA | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Durbin, Richard J. [D-IL] | D · IL | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Heller, Dean [R-NV] | R · NV | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Merkley, Jeff [D-OR] | D · OR | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Reid, Harry [D-NV] | D · NV | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Rockefeller, John D., IV [D-WV] | D · WV | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Stabenow, Debbie [D-MI] | D · MI | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Wyden, Ron [D-OR] | D · OR | | Apr 1, 2014 |
| Sen. Casey, Robert P., Jr. [D-PA] | D · PA | | Apr 2, 2014 |
| Sen. Hirono, Mazie K. [D-HI] | D · HI | | May 22, 2014 |

Committee Activity

No committee referrals or activity are recorded for this bill.

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Emergency Management

Related Bills

| Bill | Relationship | Last Action |
|-------------|--------------|---|
| 113 HR 4239 | Related bill | Apr 16, 2014: Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland Security, and Investigations. |
| 113 HR 4039 | Related bill | Feb 14, 2014: Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and the Economy. |
| 113 S 2016 | Related bill | Feb 11, 2014: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. (text of measure as introduced: CR S893-896) |

Emergency Drought Relief Act of 2014 - (Sec. 4) Requires the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of the Interior (Secretaries), in response to the declaration of a state of drought emergency in California, to provide the maximum quantity of water supplies possible to Central Valley Project (CVP) agricultural, municipal and industrial, and refuge service and repayment contractors, State Water Project (SWP) contractors, and any other locality or municipality in California by approving projects and operations to provide additional water supplies as quickly as possible to address the emergency conditions. Applies such requirement to projects or operations involving the Klamath Project that would benefit federal water contractors in California.

Sets forth actions to be taken by the Secretaries to increase water supply, including:

- ensuring that the Delta Cross Channel Gates remain open to the greatest extent possible;
- requiring the Director of the National Marine Fisheries Service to recommend revisions to operations of the CVP and the SWP;
- implementing turbidity control strategies that allow for increased water deliveries while avoiding jeopardy to adult Delta smelt due to entrainment at CVP and SWP pumping plants;
- managing reverse flow in the Old and Middle Rivers for Delta smelt and salmonids to minimize water supply reductions for the CVP and SWP;
- adopting a 1:1 inflow to export ratio for the increased flow of the San Joaquin River;
- issuing all necessary permit decisions within 30 days of receiving a completed application by California to place and use temporary barriers or operable gates in Delta channels to improve water quantity and quality for SWP and CVP water contractors and other water users;
- requiring the Director of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) and the Commissioner of the Bureau of Reclamation to complete all requirements under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) and the Endangered Species Act of 1973 necessary to make final permit decisions on water transfer requests within 30 days;
- requiring the FWS Director to allow any water transfer request associated with following to maximize the quantity of water supplies available for nonhabitat uses, in compliance with federal law;
- participating in or otherwise providing funding for pilot projects to increase water in reservoirs in regional river basins experiencing extreme, exceptional, or sustained drought that have a direct impact on California's water supply;
- maintaining all rescheduled water supplies held in the San Luis Reservoir and Millerton Reservoir for all water users for delivery in the immediately following contract water year, unless precluded by reservoir storage capacity limitations;
- meeting contract water supply needs of CVP refuges through the improvement or installation of water conservation measures, water conveyance facilities, and wells to use groundwater resources and make a quantity of CVP surface water obtained from such measures available to CVP contractors;
- entering into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to study the effectiveness and environmental impacts of saltcedar biological control efforts on increasing water supplies and improving riparian habitats of the Colorado River and its principal tributaries;
- making WaterSMART grant funding allocated to California available on a priority and expedited basis for projects that provide emergency drinking and municipal water supplies to localities to meet minimum public health and safety needs, prevent the loss of permanent crops, minimize economic losses resulting from drought conditions, or

provide innovative water conservation tools and technology for agriculture and urban water use that can have immediate water supply benefits;

- implement offsite upstream projects in the Delta and upstream Sacramento River and San Joaquin basins that offset the effects of actions taken under this Act on species listed as threatened or endangered; and
- using all available scientific tools to identify any changes to real-time operations of Bureau of Reclamation, state, and local water projects that could result in the availability of additional water supplies.

Sets forth requirements for expedited procedures to be used by federal agencies, at California's request, to make final decisions relating to a federal project or operation to provide additional water supplies or address emergency drought conditions.

(Sec. 5) Requires federal agency heads, in order to minimize the time spent carrying out environmental reviews and to deliver water quickly, to consult with the Council on Environmental Quality to develop alternative arrangements to comply with NEPA during the emergency.

(Sec. 6) Directs the EPA to require California to prioritize projects under state water pollution control and drinking water treatment revolving funds to provide water most expeditiously to areas at risk of having an inadequate supply of water for public health and safety purposes or to improve resiliency to drought.

(Sec. 7) Provides that nothing in this Act preempts state law in effect on the date of enactment, including area of origin and other water rights protections.

(Sec. 8) Terminates specified authorities under this Act on the date on which the governor of California suspends the state of drought emergency declaration.

Actions Timeline

- **May 23, 2014:** Message on Senate action sent to the House.
- **May 23, 2014:** Received in the House.
- **May 23, 2014:** Held at the desk.
- **May 22, 2014:** Measure laid before Senate by unanimous consent. (consideration: CR S3308)
- **May 22, 2014:** Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate with an amendment and an amendment to the Title by Unanimous Consent.
- **May 22, 2014:** Passed Senate with an amendment and an amendment to the Title by Unanimous Consent.
- **Apr 2, 2014:** Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 344.
- **Apr 1, 2014:** Introduced in Senate
- **Apr 1, 2014:** Introduced in the Senate. Read the first time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under Read the First Time.

LegiList

CONGRESS, MADE CLEAR.

Search Every Federal Bill, Law, and Vote

LegiList is the fastest way to research Congress. Track any bill from introduction to enactment, see how every legislator voted, follow committee activity, and read the full text of every bill — all in one place, always up to date.

legiList.com

Free Course: Learn How Congress Actually Works

LegiList Learn is a free, self-paced course that walks through the entire legislative process — from drafting a bill to a presidential signature. Seven modules, plain language, no politics. Earn a certificate when you finish.

legiList.com/learn

Developer API: Build Apps on Legislative Data

The LegiList API gives developers direct access to bills, votes, legislators, committees, and more. Start free with 1,000 requests per day — no credit card required. Upgrade to Pro when you need to scale.

legiList.com/api

Public data belongs to the public. — legiList.com