

## HJRES 128

### Authorization for Use of Military Force Against ISIL Resolution

**Congress:** 113 (2013–2015, Ended)

**Chamber:** House

**Policy Area:** International Affairs

**Introduced:** Sep 19, 2014

**Current Status:** Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period

**Latest Action:** Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (Sep 19, 2014)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/113th-congress/house-joint-resolution/128>

### Sponsor

**Name:** Rep. Larson, John B. [D-CT-1]

**Party:** Democratic • **State:** CT • **Chamber:** House

### Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

### Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Foreign Affairs Committee	House	Referred To	Sep 19, 2014
Rules Committee	House	Referred To	Sep 19, 2014

### Subjects & Policy Tags

#### Policy Area:

International Affairs

### Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Authorization for Use of Military Force Against ISIL Resolution - Expresses the sense of Congress that:

- the President has rightly committed limited forces in Iraq to protect U.S. diplomatic and military personnel against the Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant (ISIL);
- the President should be commended for authorizing military operations to protect ethnic and religious minorities from ISIL and for providing assistance to prevent a humanitarian disaster;
- the President should be commended for working with North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) allies to form a coordinated response to ISIL;
- the President should seek United Nations (U.N.) Security Council consensus prior to pursuing a multilateral military campaign against ISIL, and should endeavor to form a broad coalition of allies, including members of the Arab League; and
- a negotiated political solution among ethnic groups is the only sure solution to end sectarian violence and reach permanent peace.

Authorizes the President to use the Armed Forces to:

- defend U.S. national security against ISIL, and
- enforce a Security Council resolution adopted on or after the date of the enactment of this joint resolution that provides for multilateral action against ISIL and authorizes a coalition military force under Security Council auspices to degrade ISIL's capacities to commit terrorist acts and destabilize peaceful governments.

Authorizes the President, in the absence of a requested Security Council resolution, to use the Armed Forces to defend U.S. national security against ISIL, other than in direct ground combat operations, upon a certification to Congress and enactment of a joint resolution.

Requires expedited congressional consideration of such a joint resolution.

Directs the President to report to Congress at least every 60 days on matters relevant to this joint resolution.

States that:

- the authorization to use military force under this joint resolution is intended to constitute specific authorization within the meaning of section 5(b) of the War Powers Resolution,
- nothing in this joint resolution is intended to limit the President's authority to use military force in self-defense pursuant to the Constitution and the War Powers Resolution, and
- this joint resolution (with a specified exception) shall expire two years after its enactment.

## **Actions Timeline**

---

- **Sep 19, 2014:** Introduced in House
- **Sep 19, 2014:** Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.