

HR 946

Endangered Salmon Predation Prevention Act

Congress: 112 (2011–2013, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Animals

Introduced: Mar 8, 2011

Current Status: Subcommittee Hearings Held.

Latest Action: Subcommittee Hearings Held. (Jun 14, 2011)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/112th-congress/house-bill/946>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Hastings, Doc [R-WA-4]

Party: Republican • **State:** WA • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (5 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Dicks, Norman D. [D-WA-6]	D · WA		Mar 8, 2011
Rep. Herrera Beutler, Jaime [R-WA-3]	R · WA		Mar 8, 2011
Rep. Walden, Greg [R-OR-2]	R · OR		Mar 8, 2011
Rep. Schrader, Kurt [D-OR-5]	D · OR		Apr 14, 2011
Rep. Simpson, Michael K. [R-ID-2]	R · ID		May 23, 2011

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Natural Resources Committee	House	Hearings By (subcommittee)	Jun 14, 2011

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Animals

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
112 HR 3069	Related bill	Dec 8, 2011: Placed on the Union Calendar, Calendar No. 220.

Endangered Salmon Predation Prevention Act - Amends the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972 to authorize the Secretary of the department in which the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) is operating to issue one-year permits for the lethal taking of California sea lions on the waters of the Columbia River or its tributaries if the Secretary determines that alternative measures to reduce sea lion predation on salmonid stocks listed as threatened or endangered under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 do not adequately protect such stocks.

Prohibits such a permit from authorizing the lethal taking of more than 10 California sea lions. Limits the cumulative annual taking of California sea lions each year under all such permits to 1% of the annual potential biological removal level. Requires the Secretary to determine whether alternative measures to reduce sea lion predation on such salmonid stocks will adequately protect them.

Prohibits a California sea lion from being taken unless the permit holder has determined that: (1) such sea lion has preyed upon salmonid stocks in the Columbia River, and (2) nonlethal alternative measures have not been effective.

Terminates such permitting authority after the earlier of five years after this Act's enactment or the date the Secretary determines that lethal removal authority is no longer necessary to protect such salmonid stocks.

Expresses the sense of Congress that: (1) nonlethal means of preventing sea lion predation of salmonid stocks in the Columbia River is preferable to lethal means, (2) permit holders exercising lethal removal authority should be trained in wildlife management, and (3) the government should continue to support effective nonlethal alternatives.

Actions Timeline

- **Jun 14, 2011:** Subcommittee Hearings Held.
- **Mar 10, 2011:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Fisheries, Wildlife, Oceans, and Insular Affairs.
- **Mar 8, 2011:** Introduced in House
- **Mar 8, 2011:** Referred to the House Committee on Natural Resources.