

HR 4223

SAFE DOSES Act

Congress: 112 (2011–2013, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: Mar 20, 2012

Current Status: Became Public Law No: 112-186.

Latest Action: Became Public Law No: 112-186. (Oct 5, 2012)

Law: 112-186 (Enacted Oct 5, 2012)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/112th-congress/house-bill/4223>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Sensenbrenner, F. James, Jr. [R-WI-5]

Party: Republican • **State:** WI • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors (6 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Coble, Howard [R-NC-6]	R · NC		Mar 20, 2012
Rep. Gallegly, Elton [R-CA-24]	R · CA		Mar 20, 2012
Rep. Meehan, Patrick [R-PA-7]	R · PA		Mar 20, 2012
Rep. Sánchez, Linda T. [D-CA-39]	D · CA		Mar 20, 2012
Resident Commissioner Pierluisi, Pedro R. [D-PR-At Large]	D · PR		Mar 20, 2012
Rep. Pence, Mike [R-IN-6]	R · IN		Jun 6, 2012

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Discharged from	Jun 5, 2012
Judiciary Committee	Senate	Discharged From	Sep 22, 2012

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
112 S 1002	Related bill	Aug 28, 2012: Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 495.

(This measure has not been amended since it was passed by the House on June 26, 2012. The summary of that version is repeated here.)

Strengthening and Focusing Enforcement to Deter Organized Stealing and Enhance Safety Act of 2012 or the SAFE DOSES Act - Amends the federal criminal code to prohibit, in or using any means or facility of interstate or foreign commerce: (1) embezzling, stealing, obtaining by fraud or deception, or knowingly and unlawfully taking, carrying away, or concealing a medical product that has not yet been made available for retail purchase by a consumer (pre-retail medical product); (2) knowingly and falsely making, altering, forging, or counterfeiting the labeling or documentation of such a product; (3) knowingly possessing, transporting, or trafficking in a product involved in such a violation; (4) buying or otherwise obtaining, or selling or distributing, with intent to defraud, such a product that has expired or been stolen; or (5) attempting or conspiring to commit such a violation.

Makes such a violation an aggravated offense if: (1) the defendant is employed by, or is an agent of, an organization in the supply chain for the product; or (2) the violation involves the use of violence, force, a threat of violence or force, or the use of a deadly weapon, results in serious bodily injury or death, or is subsequent to a prior conviction for an offense under this Act.

Prescribes criminal and civil penalties for violations, including a civil penalty of up to the greater of 3 times the economic loss attributable to the violation or \$1 million.

Provides for civil forfeiture for any property which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to such a violation.

Requires the penalties under this Act to apply for the following offenses involving a pre-retail medical product: (1) interstate and foreign travel or transportation in aid of racketeering enterprises; (2) engaging in monetary transactions in property derived from specified unlawful activity; (3) breaking into or entering carrier facilities with intent to commit larceny; and (4) the transportation, sale, or receipt of stolen property. Directs the Attorney General to give increased priority to efforts to investigate and prosecute offenses involving pre-retail medical products.

Extends provisions authorizing wiretapping and requiring victim restitution to offenses relating to theft of a pre-retail medical product.

Directs the U.S. Sentencing Commission to review and, if appropriate, amend the sentencing guidelines and policy statements applicable to offenses related to pre-retail medical product theft or robberies and burglaries involving controlled substances to reflect congressional intent that penalties are sufficient to deter and punish such offenses and to appropriately account for actual harm to the public.

Actions Timeline

- **Oct 5, 2012:** Signed by President.
- **Oct 5, 2012:** Became Public Law No: 112-186.
- **Sep 25, 2012:** Presented to President.
- **Sep 24, 2012:** Message on Senate action sent to the House.
- **Sep 22, 2012:** Senate Committee on the Judiciary discharged by Unanimous Consent.(consideration: CR 9/21/2012 S6671)
- **Sep 22, 2012:** Senate Committee on the Judiciary discharged by Unanimous Consent. (consideration: CR 9/21/2012 S6671)
- **Sep 22, 2012:** Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate without amendment by Unanimous Consent.
- **Sep 22, 2012:** Passed Senate without amendment by Unanimous Consent.
- **Jun 27, 2012:** Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
- **Jun 26, 2012:** Mr. Smith (TX) moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.
- **Jun 26, 2012:** Considered under suspension of the rules. (consideration: CR H3991-3994)
- **Jun 26, 2012:** DEBATE - The House proceeded with forty minutes of debate on H.R. 4223.
- **Jun 26, 2012:** Passed/agreed to in House: On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended Agreed to by voice vote.(text: CR H3991-3992)
- **Jun 26, 2012:** On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended Agreed to by voice vote. (text: CR H3991-3992)
- **Jun 26, 2012:** Motion to reconsider laid on the table Agreed to without objection.
- **Jun 25, 2012:** Reported (Amended) by the Committee on Judiciary. H. Rept. 112-549.
- **Jun 25, 2012:** Placed on the Union Calendar, Calendar No. 393.
- **Jun 6, 2012:** Committee Consideration and Mark-up Session Held.
- **Jun 6, 2012:** Ordered to be Reported (Amended) by Voice Vote.
- **Jun 5, 2012:** Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, and Homeland Security Discharged.
- **Mar 28, 2012:** Subcommittee Hearings Held.
- **Mar 26, 2012:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, and Homeland Security.
- **Mar 20, 2012:** Introduced in House
- **Mar 20, 2012:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.

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