

## S 1157

### Foodborne Illness Reduction Act of 2011

**Congress:** 112 (2011–2013, Ended)

**Chamber:** Senate

**Policy Area:** Agriculture and Food

**Introduced:** Jun 8, 2011

**Current Status:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

**Latest Action:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry. (Jun 8, 2011)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/112th-congress/senate-bill/1157>

## Sponsor

**Name:** Sen. Gillibrand, Kirsten E. [D-NY]

**Party:** Democratic • **State:** NY • **Chamber:** Senate

## Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

## Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry Committee	Senate	Referred To	Jun 8, 2011

## Subjects & Policy Tags

### Policy Area:

Agriculture and Food

## Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

## **Summary** (as of Jun 8, 2011)

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Foodborne Illness Reduction Act of 2011 - Amends the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 to direct the Secretary of Agriculture (USDA), In the case of any Class I recall, to distribute to each retail grocery or other establishment that sells food directly to customers in the United States a summary notice containing product information about each food or food product subject to such recall.

Defines "Class I recall" as a food recall classification that covers a health-hazard situation in which there is a reasonable probability that the use of the food or food product being recalled will cause a serious, adverse health consequence or death.

Amends the Poultry Products Inspection Act to consider a poultry product adulterated if it is contaminated with *Salmonella* or *Campylobacter*.

Amends the the Federal Meat Inspection Act to consider any carcass, part thereof, meat, or meat food product adulterated if it is contaminated with *Salmonella*, *Toxoplasma gondii*, or enterohemorrhagic (EHEC) Shiga toxin-producing serotypes of *Escherichia coli* (E. coli)

Requires that specified slaughterhouses, processing establishments, and grinding facilities perform specified tests for the presence of E. coli in ground beef.

Subjects imported trim, bench trim, and ground beef to the same testing requirements as domestic trim, bench trim, and ground beef. Requires domestic facilities to conduct secondary testing of such meat before processing into a final ground beef product.

Requires the Secretary, through the Food Safety and Inspection Service (FSIS), to redesign FSIS E. coli sampling and verification programs.

## **Actions Timeline**

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- **Jun 8, 2011:** Introduced in Senate
- **Jun 8, 2011:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.