

HR 1465

To amend the Consumer Product Safety Act to provide regulatory relief to small and family-owned businesses.

Congress: 111 (2009–2011, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Commerce

Introduced: Mar 12, 2009

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Commerce, Trade and Consumer Protection.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Commerce, Trade and Consumer Protection. (Mar 16, 2009)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/111th-congress/house-bill/1465>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Ellsworth, Brad [D-IN-8]

Party: Democratic • **State:** IN • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

| Committee | Chamber | Activity | Date |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------------|--------------|
| Energy and Commerce Committee | House | Referred to | Mar 16, 2009 |

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Commerce

Related Bills

| Bill | Relationship | Last Action |
|-----------|--------------|--|
| 111 S 374 | Related bill | Feb 4, 2009: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation. |

Amends the Consumer Product Safety Act to allow a secondhand seller to sell, offer for sale, or distribute a product or substance that is not in conformity with a consumer product safety rule relating to lead in children's products or to currently-required labeling for children's products. Defines "secondhand seller" to include: (1) a consignment or thrift shop; (2) an individual who uses the Internet, a yard sale, or other casual means; or (3) a person who sells such a product at an auction to benefit a nonprofit organization.

Delays by six months each required step down in the allowed lead level in children's products. Applies this change as though it had taken effect on August 15, 2008.

Relieves a manufacturer from the requirement to test or certify a product regarding lead content if the manufacturer has tested and certifies each component of the product.

Prohibits either the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) or any state attorney general from initiating an enforcement proceeding under the Consumer Product Safety Act or the Federal Hazardous Substances Act regarding product certification and labeling and children's products containing lead until 30 days after the issuance of final rules, regulations, or guidance.

Requires the CPSC to waive any civil penalty for a good faith first violation of a prohibition under the Act.

Actions Timeline

- **Mar 16, 2009:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Commerce, Trade and Consumer Protection.
- **Mar 12, 2009:** Introduced in House
- **Mar 12, 2009:** Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce.