

Bill Fact Sheet – December 5, 2025 https://legilist.com

Bill page: https://legilist.com/bill/110/s/3707

S 3707

National Principal Recruitment Act Congress: 110 (2007–2009, Ended)

Chamber: Senate
Policy Area: Education
Introduced: Nov 19, 2008

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. (Nov 19, 2008)

Official Text: https://www.congress.gov/bill/110th-congress/senate-bill/3707

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Clinton, Hillary Rodham [D-NY]

Party: Democratic • State: NY • Chamber: Senate

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee	Senate	Referred To	Nov 19, 2008

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Education

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

National Principal Recruitment Act - Directs the Secretary of Education to establish a National Principal Recruitment program awarding matching grants to up to three partnerships each of which consist of a nonprofit organization working with a research organization and local educational agencies to: (1) recruit new principals for high-need schools and provide them with a year-long preservice residency and ongoing support and professional development; and (2) rigorously research, evaluate, and report on such activities so that successful practices can be replicated and each grantee's success in improving student academic performance can be measured.

Increases a grant by 50% after the third full school year of its implementation if: (1) such research and evaluation demonstrates that students in high-need schools led, for at least two years, by principals recruited, trained, and supported by the grantee are making greater academic gains than comparable students elsewhere; and (2) the grantee has the capacity to scale up its services.

Terminates a grant by the end of the fourth year of its implementation if the students in high-need schools led, for at least two years, by such principals are not making greater academic gains than comparable students elsewhere.

Defines "high-need schools" as public elementary or secondary schools where at least 40% of the students receive a free or reduced price lunch under the school lunch program.

Actions Timeline

- Nov 19, 2008: Introduced in Senate
- Nov 19, 2008: Sponsor introductory remarks on measure. (CR S10670-10671)
- Nov 19, 2008: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.