

HR 2626

Comprehensive HealthCARE Act of 2007

Congress: 110 (2007–2009, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Health

Introduced: Jun 7, 2007

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Health. (Jun 18, 2007)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/110th-congress/house-bill/2626>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Price, Tom [R-GA-6]

Party: Republican • State: GA • Chamber: House

Cosponsors (1 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Musgrave, Marilyn N. [R-CO-4]	R · CO		Oct 3, 2007

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Education and Workforce Committee	House	Referred To	Jun 7, 2007
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	Jun 7, 2007
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred To	Jun 7, 2007
Oversight and Government Reform Committee	House	Referred To	Jun 7, 2007
Ways and Means Committee	House	Referred to	Jun 18, 2007

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Health

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Comprehensive Health Coverage and Reform Enhancement Act of 2007 or the Comprehensive HealthCARE Act of 2007 - Amends the Internal Revenue Code to allow a tax credit and a deduction for qualified health insurance. Imposes a tax on any employer who fails to contribute to any health insurance provider elected by an employee in lieu of the employer's group health coverage.

Requires the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) to revise government contribution amounts such that the amount of contribution does not change based on the health benefits plan in which the individual is enrolled.

Quality Health-Care Coalition Act of 2007 - Treats health care professionals negotiating with health plans as collective bargaining units for purposes of antitrust laws.

Amends the Public Health Service Act to apply the covered laws of the primary state to individual health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer in the primary state and in any secondary state, but only if the coverage and issuer comply with certain conditions.

Help Efficient, Accessible, Low-Cost, Timely Healthcare (HEALTH) Act of 2007 - Sets forth provisions regulating lawsuits for health care liability claims concerning the provision of health care goods or services or any medical product affecting interstate commerce. Provides for administrative health care tribunals to resolve disputes concerning injuries allegedly caused by health care providers.

Allows medical care providers: (1) to expense the cost of health care information technology; and (2) a business tax credit for certain telecommunication charges.

Deems hospitals, emergency departments, physicians, and physicians groups that provide emergency care to be employees of the Public Health Service for purposes of any civil action that may arise due to items and services furnished.

Allows certain physicians a bad debt tax deduction for their costs in providing uncompensated care to emergency room patients.

Requires the Secretary to establish a Technical Advisory Group to review issues related to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).

Actions Timeline

- **Jun 18, 2007:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.
- **Jun 7, 2007:** Introduced in House
- **Jun 7, 2007:** Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, Education and Labor, Oversight and Government Reform, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.
- **Jun 7, 2007:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Health.