

HR 6056

Entitled the "Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Improvement and Enhancement Act of 2006".

Congress: 109 (2005–2007, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Armed Forces and National Security

Introduced: Sep 12, 2006

Current Status: Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Intelligence (Perman

Latest Action: Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Intelligence (Permanent Select), for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned. (Sep 12, 2006)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/109th-congress/house-bill/6056>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Harman, Jane [D-CA-36]

Party: Democratic • **State:** CA • **Chamber:** House

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Intelligence (Permanent Select) Committee	House	Referred To	Sep 12, 2006
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred To	Sep 12, 2006

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Armed Forces and National Security

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
109 S 3001	Related bill	Sep 13, 2006: Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 610.
109 S 3877	Identical bill	Sep 8, 2006: Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 600.

States that specified chapters of the federal criminal code relating to electronic surveillance and the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (FISA) shall provide the exclusive means by which domestic electronic surveillance may be conducted.

Prohibits any modification or repeal of any provisions of title I (Electronic Surveillance) of FISA without an express legislative directive.

Directs the President to brief each member of the congressional intelligence committees on the Terrorist Surveillance Program of the National Security Agency (NSA) and certain other surveillance programs.

Amends FISA to extend the period allowed for emergency electronic surveillance without a court order.

Authorizes the Attorney General to delegate the authority to approve an application for electronic surveillance and to appoint certain personnel in the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and the NSA to authorize emergency surveillance in the United States.

Authorizes the appointment of additional judges to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court.

Directs the Attorney General to develop and implement a classified document management system to process electronic surveillance applications.

Expands the authority of the President to authorize wartime electronic surveillance without a court order.

Permits electronic surveillance without a court order of communications between individuals outside of the United States under certain circumstances.

Actions Timeline

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