

HR 3700

Reducing Immigration to a Genuinely Healthy Total (RIGHT) Act of 2005

Congress: 109 (2005–2007, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Immigration

Introduced: Sep 8, 2005

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Immigration, Border Security, and Claims.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Immigration, Border Security, and Claims. (Oct 17, 2005)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/109th-congress/house-bill/3700>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Tancredo, Thomas G. [R-CO-6]

Party: Republican • State: CO • Chamber: House

Cosponsors (1 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Rep. Goode, Virgil H., Jr. [R-VA-5]	R · VA		Oct 17, 2005

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	House	Referred to	Oct 17, 2005

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Immigration

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Reducing Immigration to a Genuinely Healthy Total (RIGHT) Act of 2005 - Reduces U.S. immigration levels (and visa allotments) for: (1) family-sponsored immigrants to zero; (2) diversity immigrants to zero; and (3) employment-based immigrants.

Caps fiscal year humanitarian-related entries at 50,000, which shall include: (1) refugees; (2) assylees; (3) Polish, Hungarian, Soviet, and Indochinese parolees; (4) aliens whose removal is canceled and status adjusted; and (5) aliens provided permanent resident status through private legislation.

Eliminates specified legalization and amnesty programs, including: (1) agricultural worker amnesty; (2) Immigration Reform and Control Act (IRCA) legalizations; (3) amnesties under the Nicaraguan Adjustment and Central American Relief Act of 1997, and the Haitian Refugee and Immigration Fairness Act of 1998; and (4) Cuban-Haitian adjustments.

Requires congressional approval for extension of designation of foreign states for temporary protected status designations.

Establishes as nonimmigrant classifications: (1) spouses and minor children of lawful permanent residents (currently, a preference immigrant classification); and (2) parents of U.S. adult citizens (currently, an immediate relative classification exempt from numerical immigrant limitations).

Prohibits automatic citizenship by birth unless at least one of the individual's parents is, at the time of birth, a U.S. citizen or national or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence.

Makes voting in a foreign election a basis for automatic loss of U.S. citizenship.

Sets forth the instances under which illegal U.S. presence by a person shall be considered as not demonstrating good moral character for immigration purposes.

Actions Timeline

- **Oct 17, 2005:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Immigration, Border Security, and Claims.
- **Sep 8, 2005:** Introduced in House
- **Sep 8, 2005:** Introduced in House
- **Sep 8, 2005:** Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.