

HR 2689

Dirty Bomb Prevention Act

Congress: 109 (2005–2007, Ended)

Chamber: House

Policy Area: Energy

Introduced: May 26, 2005

Current Status: Referred to the Subcommittee on Energy and Air Quality.

Latest Action: Referred to the Subcommittee on Energy and Air Quality. (Jun 3, 2005)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/109th-congress/house-bill/2689>

Sponsor

Name: Rep. Markey, Edward J. [D-MA-7]

Party: Democratic • **State:** MA • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors

No cosponsors are listed for this bill.

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Energy and Commerce Committee	House	Referred to	Jun 3, 2005

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Energy

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
109 S 1150	Identical bill	May 26, 2005: Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works. (text of measure as introduced: CR S6044-6046)

Dirty Bomb Prevention Act - Amends the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 to direct the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) to promulgate regulations: (1) prohibiting the export of a radiation source unless it has found specified requirements have been met; and (2) establishing a mandatory tracking system for all radiation sources in the United States.

Subjects violations of such regulations to a specified civil penalty.

Establishes a task force on radiation source protection and security to provide recommendations to ensure the security of radiation sources from potential terrorist threats, including acts of sabotage, theft, or use of such radiation sources in a radiological dispersal device.

Expands the definition of byproduct material to include treatment of accelerator-produced and other radioactive material.

Instructs the NRC, in its promulgation of implementing rules, to consider the impact on the availability of radiopharmaceuticals to the physicians and patients whose medical treatment relies on them.

Amends the Low-Level Radioactive Waste Policy Act to exclude from its definition of low-level radioactive waste the byproduct material defined in the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

Requires the Secretary, within six months of the enactment of this Act, to report to Congress on the location and status of all nuclear fuel exported by the federal government.

Actions Timeline

- **Jun 3, 2005:** Referred to the Subcommittee on Energy and Air Quality.
- **May 26, 2005:** Introduced in House
- **May 26, 2005:** Referred to the House Committee on Energy and Commerce.

LegiList

CONGRESS, MADE CLEAR.

Search Every Federal Bill, Law, and Vote

LegiList is the fastest way to research Congress. Track any bill from introduction to enactment, see how every legislator voted, follow committee activity, and read the full text of every bill — all in one place, always up to date.

legilist.com

Free Course: Learn How Congress Actually Works

LegiList Learn is a free, self-paced course that walks through the entire legislative process — from drafting a bill to a presidential signature. Seven modules, plain language, no politics. Earn a certificate when you finish.

legilist.com/learn

Developer API: Build Apps on Legislative Data

The LegiList API gives developers direct access to bills, votes, legislators, committees, and more. Start free with 1,000 requests per day — no credit card required. Upgrade to Pro when you need to scale.

legilist.com/api

Public data belongs to the public. — legilist.com