

S 1949

Cooperative Proliferation Detection, Interdiction Assistance, and Conventional Threat Reduction Act of 2005

Congress: 109 (2005–2007, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: International Affairs

Introduced: Nov 1, 2005

Current Status: Committee on Foreign Relations. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 109-880.

Latest Action: Committee on Foreign Relations. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 109-880. (Feb 9, 2006)

Official Text: <https://www.congress.gov/bill/109th-congress/senate-bill/1949>

Sponsor

Name: Sen. Lugar, Richard G. [R-IN]

Party: Republican • **State:** IN • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (1 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Obama, Barack [D-IL]	D · IL		Nov 1, 2005

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Foreign Relations Committee	Senate	Hearings By (full committee)	Feb 9, 2006

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

International Affairs

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
109 S 2566	Related bill	May 25, 2006: Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 456.

Cooperative Proliferation Detection, Interdiction Assistance, and Conventional Threat Reduction Act of 2005 - Cooperative Proliferation Detection and Interdiction Assistance Act of 2005 - Authorizes the President to establish a program to provide proliferation detection and interdiction assistance to friendly foreign countries and requires that at least 25% of the amount made available for nonproliferation, anti-terrorism, demining and related programs and activities for FY2006 shall be made available to establish such program.

Amends the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to authorize the President, in order to promote cooperation regarding the interdiction of weapons of mass destruction and related materials and delivery systems, to conclude agreements (including reciprocal maritime agreements) with other countries to prevent the transportation of such items to states and non-state actors of proliferation concern.

Establishes within the Department of State an Office of Proliferation Detection and Interdiction Assistance Coordination.

Provides that activities authorized to be carried out under the Nonproliferation and Disarmament Fund in the independent states of the former Soviet Union may also be carried out in other countries and with respect to international organizations when such activities are in the U.S. national interest.

States that the President should ensure that, when in the national security interest of the United States, at least 25% of military assistance furnished will enhance the capabilities of friendly foreign countries to detect or interdict the illicit trafficking of weapons of mass destruction, related materials, and means of delivery and dual-use items of proliferation concern.

Conventional Arms Disarmament Act of 2005 - Authorizes the Secretary of State to carry out an accelerated global program to secure or eliminate stocks of man-portable air defense systems (MANPADS), other conventional weapons, and tactical missile systems, as well as related equipment and facilities that pose a proliferation threat.

Redesignates the (Department of State) Office of Weapons Removal and Abatement as the Office of Conventional Arms Threat Reduction.

Actions Timeline

- **Feb 9, 2006:** Committee on Foreign Relations. Hearings held. Hearings printed: S.Hrg. 109-880.
- **Nov 1, 2005:** Introduced in Senate
- **Nov 1, 2005:** Sponsor introductory remarks on measure. (CR S12130-12132)
- **Nov 1, 2005:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.