

S 1391

Kid Safe Chemicals Act

**Congress:** 109 (2005–2007, Ended)

**Chamber:** Senate

**Policy Area:** Environmental Protection

**Introduced:** Jul 13, 2005

**Current Status:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

**Latest Action:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works. (Jul 13, 2005)

**Official Text:** <https://www.congress.gov/bill/109th-congress/senate-bill/1391>

Sponsor

**Name:** Sen. Lautenberg, Frank R. [D-NJ]

**Party:** Democratic • **State:** NJ • **Chamber:** Senate

Cosponsors (6 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Boxer, Barbara [D-CA]	D · CA		Jul 13, 2005
Sen. Clinton, Hillary Rodham [D-NY]	D · NY		Jul 13, 2005
Sen. Corzine, Jon S. [D-NJ]	D · NJ		Jul 13, 2005
Sen. Jeffords, James M. [I-VT]	I · VT		Jul 13, 2005
Sen. Kennedy, Edward M. [D-MA]	D · MA		Jul 13, 2005
Sen. Kerry, John F. [D-MA]	D · MA		Jul 13, 2005

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Environment and Public Works Committee	Senate	Referred To	Jul 13, 2005

Subjects & Policy Tags

**Policy Area:**

Environmental Protection

Related Bills

Bill	Relationship	Last Action
109 HR 4308	Identical bill	<b>Dec 2, 2005:</b> Referred to the Subcommittee on Environment and Hazardous Materials.

Child, Worker, and Consumer-Safe Chemicals Act of 2005 or the Kid Safe Chemicals Act - Amends the Toxic Substances Control Act to require each manufacturer of a chemical substance distributed in commerce to submit to the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA): (1) a statement certifying that the manufacturer's chemical substance meets required safety standards or there is insufficient data to make such determination; and (2) all reasonably available information concerning the chemical substance not previously submitted. Requires manufacturers to update such information at least every three years or at any time new information becomes available on the toxicity of a chemical substance.

Prohibits the manufacture of a chemical substance if the Administrator: (1) determines that the manufacturer has failed to comply with this Act or that the substance does not meet applicable safety standards; or (2) has not made a safety determination for such substance within a specified time period.

Requires the Administrator to: (1) develop a priority list for making safety determinations of at least 300 chemical substances, giving highest priority to substances posing the greatest risk to humans; (2) determine whether a manufacturer has established that its priority list substances meet applicable safety standards; (3) implement animal testing alternatives; (4) create market incentives for the development of safer alternatives to existing chemical substances; (5) establish an Interagency Science Advisory Board on Children's Health and Toxic Substances; (6) cooperate with international efforts to monitor chemical substances; and (7) create a database to share information on the toxicity and use of chemical substances and provide public access to such data.

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### **Actions Timeline**

- **Jul 13, 2005:** Introduced in Senate
- **Jul 13, 2005:** Sponsor introductory remarks on measure. (CR S8235-8236)
- **Jul 13, 2005:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.