

S 619

Project Exile: The Safe Streets and Neighborhoods Act of 2001

Congress: 107 (2001–2003, Ended)

Chamber: Senate

Policy Area: Crime and Law Enforcement

Introduced: Mar 26, 2001

Current Status: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (text of measure as introduced: CR S2903-

Latest Action: Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (text of measure as introduced: CR S2903-2904) (Mar 26, 2001)

Official Text: https://www.congress.gov/bill/107th-congress/senate-bill/619

Sponsor

Name: Sen. DeWine, Mike [R-OH]

Party: Republican • State: OH • Chamber: Senate

Cosponsors (9 total)

Cosponsor	Party / State	Role	Date Joined
Sen. Allen, George [R-VA]	R · VA		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Grassley, Chuck [R-IA]	R · IA		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Hagel, Chuck [R-NE]	R · NE		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Helms, Jesse [R-NC]	R · NC		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Hutchinson, Tim [R-AR]	R · AR		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Santorum, Rick [R-PA]	R · PA		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Sessions, Jeff [R-AL]	R · AL		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Warner, John [R-VA]	R · VA		Mar 26, 2001
Sen. Lincoln, Blanche L. [D-AR]	D · AR		Mar 27, 2001

Committee Activity

Committee	Chamber	Activity	Date
Judiciary Committee	Senate	Referred To	Mar 26, 2001

Subjects & Policy Tags

Policy Area:

Crime and Law Enforcement

Related Bills

No related bills are listed.

Project Exile: The Safe Streets and Neighborhoods Act of 2001 - Amends the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 to direct the Attorney General to award firearms sentencing incentive grants to eligible States that: (1) demonstrate that they have implemented laws requiring that any person who uses or carries a firearm in any violent crime or serious drug trafficking crime be sentenced to not less than five years in prison (without the possibility of parole) in addition to the punishment provided for such crime, or requiring that any person who possesses a firearm, having at least one prior conviction for a violent crime, be sentenced to five years' imprisonment (without the possibility of parole); or (2) can demonstrate that they have in effect an equivalent Federal prosecution agreement; and (3) demonstrate that they have or will implement a public awareness and community support program that seeks to build support for, and warns potential violators of, such firearms sentencing laws; and (4) provide assurances that they will coordinate with Federal prosecutors and Federal law enforcement agencies and will allocate resources to reduce crime in high-crime areas.

Sets forth allowable uses for such grants, including to: (1) support law enforcement agencies, prosecutors, courts, probation officers, correctional officers, the juvenile justice system, the improvement of criminal history records, or case management programs involving the sharing of information about serious offenders; (2) carry out such a public awareness and community support program; and (3) build or expand correctional facilities.

Actions Timeline

- **Mar 26, 2001:** Introduced in Senate
- **Mar 26, 2001:** Sponsor introductory remarks on measure. (CR S2902-2903)
- **Mar 26, 2001:** Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary. (text of measure as introduced: CR S2903-2904)